

March 13, 2014

Closing Date: Wednesday, March 26, 2014 at 6 p.m.

FROM: Vice President and Corporate Secretary

Kenya - Transport Sector Support Project

Additional Financing and Restructuring

Project Paper

Attached is the Project Paper regarding a proposed additional credit and restructuring to Kenya for a Transport Sector Support Project (IDA/R2014-0081), which is being processed on an absence-of-objection basis.

Distribution: Executive Directors and Alternates President Bank Group Senior Management Vice Presidents, Bank, IFC and MIGA Directors and Department Heads, Bank, IFC and MIGA Document of The World Bank

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Report No: PAD922

INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

PROJECT PAPER

ON A

PROPOSED ADDITIONAL EMERGENCY CREDIT AND RESTRUCTURING

IN THE AMOUNT OF SDR 132.6 MILLION (US\$ 203.5 MILLION EQUIVALENT)

TO THE

THE REPUBLIC OF KENYA

FOR A

TRANSPORT SECTOR SUPPORT PROJECT

March 12, 2014

Transport Sector Country Department AFCE2 Africa Region

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CURRENCY EQUIVALENTS

(Exchange Rate Effective January 31, 2014)

Currency Unit = Kenya Shillings (KES) KES86 = US\$1 US\$1 = SDR 0.6518

FISCAL YEAR

July 1 – June 30

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- AFD Agence Française de Developpement (French Development Agency)
- AfDB African Development Bank
- CPS Country Partnership Strategy
- EIA Environmental Impact Assessment
- EIB European Investment Bank
- EBK Engineers Board of Kenya
- ERB Engineers' Registration Board
- ERD External Resources Department
- ERR Economic Rate of Return
- FAA Federal Aviation Administration
- FM Financial Management
- GAP Governance and Integrity Improvement Action Plan
- GDP Gross Domestic Product
- GoK Government of Kenya
- IA Implementing Agency
- IASA International Aviation Safety Assessment
- IBRD International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
- ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization
- ICB International Competitive Bidding
- ICT Information and Communications Technology
- IDA International Development Association
- JICA Japan International Cooperation Agency
- JKIA Jomo Kenyatta International Airport
- KAA Kenya Airports Authority
- KCAA Kenya Civil Aviation Authority
- KeNHA Kenya National Highways Authority
- KeRRA Kenya Rural Roads Authority
- KES Kenya Shillings
- KIHBT Kenya Institute of Highways and Buildings Technology
- KM Kilometer
- KMA Kenya Maritime Authority
- KRB Kenya Roads Board

KTSSP	Kenya Transport Sector Support Project
KURA	Kenya Urban Roads Authority
M&E	Monitoring and Evaluation
MIA	Moi International Airport
MoR	Ministry of Roads
MoT	Ministry of Transport
MoTI	Ministry of Transport And Infrastructure
NCA	National Construction Authority
NCTIP	Northern Corridor Transport Improvement Project
NEMA	National Environmental Management Authority
NPV	Net Present Value
ORAF	Operational Risk Assessment Framework
OP	Operational Policy
PAD	Project Appraisal Document
PDO	Project Development Objective
PIT	Project Implementation Team
POC	Project Oversight Committee
PPP	Public-Private Partnership
RACECA	Roads and Civil Engineering Contractors Association
RAP	Resettlement Action Plan
RFP	Request for Proposal
RPF	Resettlement Policy Framework
RSIP	Road Sector Investment Program
SDR	Special Drawing Rights
TA	Technical Assistance
ToR	Terms of Reference
TSA	Transport Security Administration
UK	United Kingdom
UoN	University of Nairobi
US\$	United States Dollar

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REPUBLIC OF KENYA ADDITIONAL FINANCING FOR TRANSPORT SECTOR SUPPORT PROJECT

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ADDITIONAL FINANCING DATA SHEET

Kenya

Transport Sector Support Project - Additional Financing (P146630)

AFRICA

AFTTR

			Bas	ic Ir	nform	ation – I	Pa	rent				
Parent Pr	roject ID:	P12	4109			Original	E	A Categor	y: B	- Partial	Asse	essment
Current (Closing Date:	31-1	Dec-2016									
		Bas	ic Informa	atior	n – Ad	ditional	F	inancing	(AF)			
Project II	D:	P14	6630					l Financing n AUS):	5 Sc	ale Up		
Regional	Vice Preside	ent: Mal	khtar Diop			Propose	d l	EA Catego	ry: B	- Partial	Asse	essment
Country	Director:	Dia	rietou Gaye			Expecte Date:	d]	Effectivene	ess 30	-Jun-201	4	
Sector D	irector:	Jam	al Saghir			Expecte	d (Closing Da	te: 31	-Dec-20	18	
Sector M	lanager:	Sup	ee Teravani	ntho	orn	Report N	No):	PA	D922		
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	ect Financi	ng Data	– Parent ((Ke	enya T	ranspor	rt	Sector Su	ipport I	Project-	P12	4109)
Key Date	es	-	1		1							
Project	Ln/Cr/TF	Status	Approval Date		Signii	ng Date		ffectivenes ate	\mathcal{O}	nal ng Date		vised sing Date
P124109	IDA-49260	Effectiv e	21-Apr-201	11	23-Ma	ay-2011 22-Aug-2011 3		31-De	31-Dec-2016 31-		Dec-2016	
Disburse	ments											
	Ln/Cr/TF	Status	Currency	Ori	ginal	Revised		Cancelle d	Disburs d	e Undis sed	sbur	% Disburse d
Project												

Project Financing	-	nancing Transport Sect ancing (P146630)	or Support Project -
[] Loan []	Grant [] IDA G	rant	
[X] Credit []	Guarantee [] Other		
Total Project Cost:	267.20	Total Bank Financing:	203.50
Financing Gap:	0.00		
Financing Source – A	dditional Financing (AF))	Amount
BORROWER/RECIPI	ENT		63.70
International Developm	nent Association (IDA)		121.30
IDA recommitted as a	credit		82.20
Total			267.20
Policy Waivers Does the project depart fr respects? Explanation	rom the CAS in content or	in other significant	No
*			N.
Does the project require a	iny policy waiver(s)?		No
Explanation			
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Locations									
Country	First Ac Divisior	dministrative 1	Location		Planned	Ac	tual	Comments	
Kenya			Webuye						
Kenya	Nairobi	Area	Nairobi Pr	rovince		Х			
Kenya			Maji ya C	humvi					
Kenya			Majengo						
Kenya			Machakos						
Kenya			Luanda					ĺ	
Kenya			Kitale						
Kenya			Kisumu D	vistrict					
Kenya			Kisumu						
Kenya			Kericho D	District					
	1		1		1			1	

Kenya		Athi River				
Kenya	Moi International Airport					
Kenya		Nyando				
Kenya		Bungoma				
Kenya		Kakamega				
Kenya		Lugari				
Kenya		Vihiga				
Kenya		Kwale				
Kenya		Machakos				
Kenya		Taita Taveta				
Kenya		Trans Nzoia				
Kenya		Nakuru				
		Institutional Data	ļ			
Parent (Kenya Transpo	rt Sector S	upport Project-P124109)			
Sector Board						
Transport						
Sectors / Climate Chang	e					
Sector (Maximum 5 and to	otal % must	equal 100)				
Major Sector		Sector	%	Adaptatic Co-benef		Mitigation Co- benefits %
Transportation		Rural and Inter-Urban	73			
		Roads and Highways	15			
Public Administration, La Justice	w, and		18			
	w, and	Roads and Highways Public administration-				
Justice Transportation	w, and	Roads and HighwaysPublic administration- Transportation	18 9			
Justice Transportation Total	w, and	Roads and HighwaysPublic administration- Transportation	18			
Justice Transportation Total Themes		Roads and HighwaysPublic administration- TransportationAviation	18 9			
Justice Transportation Total Themes Theme (Maximum 5 and t		Roads and Highways Public administration- Transportation Aviation t equal 100)	18 9		%	
Justice Transportation Total Themes Theme (Maximum 5 and t Major theme		Roads and Highways Public administration-Transportation Aviation t equal 100) Theme	18 9 100	access	%	
Justice Transportation Total Themes Theme (Maximum 5 and t	otal % mus	Roads and Highways Public administration- Transportation Aviation t equal 100)	18 9 100 100		% 45 45	

Urban development	City-wide Infrastructure and Service Delivery				5	
Total				100		
Additional Financing Transport Sector	r Support Project - Ao	dditiona	l Financing	g (P1	46630)	
Sector Board						
Transport						
Sectors / Climate Change						
Sector (Maximum 5 and total % must equ	ual 100)	_				
Major Sector S	ector	%	Adaptatio Co-benefi		Mitigation Co- benefits %	
*	General transportation	78				
Transportation A	viation	15				
, , ,	Public administration- Transportation	7				
		•	-			
Total		100				
I certify that there is no Adaptation	and Mitigation Clim	nate Cha	nge Co-be	nefit	s information	
applicable to this project.						
Themes						
Theme (Maximum 5 and total % must eq	jual 100)					
Major theme	Theme			%		
Financial and private sector development	Infrastructure services development	s for priv	ate sector	93		
Public sector governance	Other public sector go	overnanc	e	7		
Total				100		

I. INTRODUCTION

1. This Project Paper seeks the approval of the Executive Directors on restructuring the original project and providing an Additional Credit in an amount of SDR132.6 million (US\$203.5 million equivalent) to the Republic of Kenya for the Transport Sector Support Project (KTSSP) Cr. 4926-KE/Project ID P124109.

2. The proposed Additional Financing would support (a) responding to an emergency situation at the Jomo Kenyatta International Airport (JKIA) due to an accidental fire on August 7, 2013 that destroyed part of the international passenger terminal facilities; (b) financing increased scope and costs of the original project activities to scale-up the development effectiveness of the project; and (c) covering an unanticipated financing gap in the provision of co-financing. This Additional Financing retains the original Project Development Objectives (PDOs). In addition, it now supports objectives related to the provision of the temporary facilities at JKIA, and to strengthen the capacity within Kenya Airports Authority (KAA) in disaster preparedness and responsiveness at the Kenyan airports.

3. The original project is restructured and involves (a) introducing new and expanding the scope of some original project activities to enhance the safety of pedestrians and other road users along selected locations on the Northern and the Kenya-Tanzania-South Sudan Corridors and modifying the results indicators; (b) accommodating changes in the design, scope and costs; (c) conforming to changes in the institutional, financial reporting, disbursements and implementation arrangements; (d) reallocating funds among various disbursement categories; (e) increasing the financing proportion by IDA for selected activities of the project; (f) extending the completion date on restructuring Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA) to December 31, 2015 to accommodate the change arising from the recent reconstitution of government; (g) extending the closing Date of the Credit from December 31, 2016 to December 31, 2018, in order to allow enough time to update designs, procure a contractor, commence and complete reconstruction of the runway at Moi International Airport, Mombasa following the approval of a direct loan in amount of US\$66 million equivalent by Agence Française de Developpement (AFD) to KAA for this purpose, and also complete the execution of the other civil works contracts, mainly road contracts; and (h) revising the original project objectives.

4. The proposed Additional Financing is consistent with: (a) Operational Policy (OP) 10.00 (Investment Project Financing), paragraph 11 (i) which confers on the International Development Association (IDA), the prerogative to provide financing to a Borrower/Recipient in *Situations of Urgent Need of Assistance or Capacity Constraints*, resulting from an accidental disaster; and (b) OP 10.00, paragraph 26, under which the IDA may provide Additional Financing for Investment Lending due to unanticipated financing gaps.

5. The proposed Additional Financing of SDR132.6 million (US\$203.5 million equivalent) includes recommitment of IDA resources in the amount of SDR53.6 (US\$82.2 million equivalent) and new resources to the Republic of Kenya in the amount of SDR79.0 million (US\$121.3 million equivalent). The Government of Kenya (GoK) in two letters dated March 14, 2013 and August 19, 2013 has requested IDA to consider: (a) lessening the financial burden it is shouldering on this project by providing additional resources to fill the unexpected financing

gap; (b) providing additional financing for installing temporary arrival facilities to service international passenger Terminals 1 and 2 so as to restore the capacity lost in the fire at JKIA; (c) financing permanent international arrivals facilities to service all Terminals including Terminal 4 which is currently under construction; and (d) allocating to KTSSP the funds previously cancelled from other selected IDA projects.

6. **Partnership Arrangements.** A number of development partners support the original and emergency activities of the project by providing about US\$98.02 million equivalent (excluding GoK's contribution) as summarized in **Table 1.** The partners include AFD which is co-financing part of the original project activities with a loan to KAA without a Government guarantee; the African Development Bank (AfDB), the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), United Kingdom (UK), European Investment Bank (EIB) and the private sector supporting emergency activities at JKIA. The GoK will contribute US\$63.70 million toward the original and emergency activities, which include costs associated with land acquisition, relocation of projected affected persons and services.

	Activity	Financier	Amount
1	Counterpart funding toward original and emergency activities at JKIA	GoK	63.70
2	Co-financing the reconstruction of the runway at Moi International	AFD	66.00
	Airport, Mombasa		
3	Supply of various security and immigration related equipment and	USA	1.40
	technical assistance as part of the emergency activities		
4	Supply of various security and immigration related equipment and	UK	0.60
	technical assistance as part of the emergency activities		
5	Construction of Interim terminal for lounges and transit passengers	AfDB	28.00
6	Various immediate interventions as part of emergency activities	Private Sector	1.02
7	Consultancy services for carrying out an assessment to determine	EIB	1.00
	measures on enhancing disaster management capacity		
	Total		161.72

II. BACKGROUND AND RATIONALE FOR ADDITIONAL FINANCING

Background

7. Kenya has witnessed major change over the last three years, culminating in the endorsement of a new Constitution in a national referendum in August 2010, its promulgation in October 2010, and the subsequent General election under the new Constitution in March 2013. These events, among others, have shaped the manner in which state affairs are managed, including limiting the number of ministries that Government can form. For instance, the transport sector was previously managed by three ministries, namely, Transport, Roads, and Public Works. However, after the March 2013 elections, all modes of transport were consolidated under one Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure. In addition there continues to be pressure to contain public spending, and as a result in some cases it is proving difficult to fully finance development programs with large capital outlay, particularly infrastructure projects such as roads, which take a considerable share of the financing.

8. JKIA is a regional hub and together with Kenya Airways, plays a major role in connecting various cities within Africa and beyond. As detailed in Table 2, JKIA handles about 72 percent of all passenger traffic through the Kenyan airports. Based on passenger traffic handled, JKIA was ranked the seventh busiest airport in Africa in 2012 and the top in terms of cargo at over 296,000 tons, though the traffic figures declined slightly in 2013, due to a drop in tourists from the traditional European market coupled by election fever. The passenger traffic is projected to reach 15 million by 2020. As a result, construction of a Greenfield Terminal 5 has begun with funding from the Development Bank of China (Table 3).

Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Aircraft movements ('000)	177	201	188	192	215	195	201	226	266	265	259
Passengers (million) JKIA	3.50	4.00	4.20	4.50	4.90	4.80	5.10	5.49	6.29	6.27	5.90
MIA	0.82	0.98	1.10	1.20	1.35	0.87	1.11	1.27	1.47	1.35	1.30
Other airports	0.38	0.52	0.60	0.60	0.75	0.73	0.69	0.76	0.96	0.96	0.68
All airports	4.70	5.50	5.90	6.30	7.00	6.40	6.90	7.52	8.72	8.58	8.23
Freight ('000 tons) all airports	217.60	241.4 0	273.7 0	280.0 0	307.40	321.8 0	282. 70	248. 78	305.99	296.4	262.0
Revenue Generated (KES billion)	2.50	3.00	4.00	5.20	5.60	5.30	5.9	6.11	7.35	8.36	11.10
Net Profit/(Loss) (KES billion)	(0.422)	(0.18)	0.91	1.29	1.79	1.25	0.99	1.72	1.68	2.47	3.50

Table 2: Kenya Airports Authority Ten Year Profile of Operational Performance

Source: Kenya Airports Authority

9. The World Bank has a long history in supporting the GoK to improve infrastructure and related services including roads, aviation, maritime, and railways. For instance, the Bank is supporting KAA in addressing the current capacity constraints JKIA is facing through the Northern Corridor Transport Improvement Project (NCTIP). The passenger design capacity is 2.5 million annually. However, the airport handled 6.3 million passengers in 2012 (Table 2) through passenger terminal facilities that were commissioned in 1978, namely: (a) Terminals 1, 2 and 3; and (b) Arrivals building. The fire on August 7, 2013 completely destroyed the Arrivals building, which has now been condemned and will be pulled down.

10. KAA with the support of a number of financiers is implementing an expansion plan since 2004 to address the capacity constraints at JKIA, estimated to cost US\$1.3 billion during the period 2004-2017 (details in Table 3). For instance, the World Bank, AFD, EIB and the GoK under the Northern Corridor Transport Improvement Project (NCTIP) are financing the expansion of the passenger terminal and related facilities to increase the capacity from the current 2.5 to 10 million passengers annually as well as improving the services at the airport to meet international standards such as the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) of the US, International Aviation Safety Assessment (IASA), and International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) recommendations of separating the intermingling of incoming and outgoing passengers.

11. The main expansion activities at JKIA and the corresponding capital expenditures partly financed under NCTIP are detailed in Table 3. It is important to note that the private sector is fully responsible for financing the expansion and operations of the cargo facilities. The commercial nature of the operations of KAA makes it a candidate for possible utilization of International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) loans and this will be explored further at country level. Nevertheless, KAA has already embraced the PPP approach in its operations, with all the cargo facilities and ground handling services financed and managed entirely by the private sector. It is imperative that future support should help in deepening the participation of the private sector in the financing of infrastructure and provision of services.

	Activity					1	
		Revised	IDA	KAA/	AFD	EIB	CDB ¹
				GoK			
	A. Activities under Northern Corridor Transport Imp	rovement P	roject				
1.	Expansion of the Apron at Terminal 4 and extension of the Taxiways	40.63		40.63			
2.	Construction of Terminal 4 - International passenger departure and car parking garage and grade parking	129.00	14.00	22.00	93.00		
3.	Expansion and remodeling Terminals, 1, 2 and 3 and expansion of Arrivals Building	158.40		65.40		93.00	
4.	Construction of arrivals facility for Terminal 4	26.00		6.00			
5.	Expansion of aircraft remote parking	28.50		28.50			
6.	Boundary and security fencing	1.00		1.00			
7.	Upgrading power supply	5.00		5.00			
8.	Rehabilitation of the runway	59.21		59.21			
9.	Feasibility/Design/Supervision: Kisumu and Wilson Airports and JKIA runway rehabilitation and design	1.20	1.10	0.00			
10.	Supervision of the expansion works at JKIA	12.00	12.00	0.00			
	B. Activities under other projects						
11.	Augmenting water supply	2.00		2.00			
12.	Construction of Greenfield - Terminal 5	654.00		98.10			555.90
13.	Construction of a second runway	150.00		150.00^2			
	Total	1,266.94	27.10^{3}	477.84	93.00	93.00	555.90

 Table 3: JKIA Expansion Plan 2004-2017 (US\$ million)

Note:

1. CDB refers to Development Bank of China

2. GoK is expected to fully fund this activity

3. IDA Contribution to KAA component is US\$34.81 million equivalent of which US\$27.10 is toward JKIA expansion.

12. The implementation of the activities of the expansion plan at JKIA under NCTIP is at different stages. The extension of the apron and taxiways has been completed resulting in an increase of parking capacity for aircrafts by 50 percent (from $200,000 \text{ m}^2$, catering for 23 stands, to over $300,000 \text{ m}^2$ for 37 stands) and an additional two taxiways. The construction of Terminal 4 is expected to be completed by June 2014 and will expand the capacity of the airport by 2.5 million passengers annually. The parking space for cars has been increased with the construction of a three (3) story car park to accommodate 1,500 cars and an additional 400 at grade parking to ease the congestion at the airport (though temporarily converted into an international arrival facility following the fire incident). Originally designed as a domestic terminal, the major operators at the airport requested re-designing Terminal 4 into an international departure terminal

instead, which was adopted. For international arrivals, Terminal 4 was to be served by the Arrivals building that has now been destroyed.

13. To minimize the impact of the fire on the operations at the airport, it is critical that: (a) temporary terminal arrival facilities are provided urgently; (b) permanent arrival facilities are constructed urgently and preferably as part of Terminal 4 in light of the destruction of the arrivals building that was originally expected to serve this terminal; and (c) some of the activities in the expansion plan that were expected in the next 3-4 years, particularly remodeling and renovating Terminals 1, 2 and 3 are brought forward and fast-tracked. Meanwhile, the fire at JKIA has indirectly contributed to streamlining the management at airports in the country by making the Chief Executive Officer of Kenya Airports Authority fully responsible and accountable for coordinating all the affairs at the airports, which was not the case before. Each stakeholder at the airport had their own chain of command, making leadership and coordination difficult particularly where collective action was needed, such as at the time of an emergency or disaster.

14. **The Bank's Country Partnership Strategy (CPS).** The KTSSP supports Vision 2030, Kenya's long term development plan, which focuses on transforming Kenya from a low- to a middle-income country by 2030. Modern and efficient infrastructure facilities are required to support the achievement of this vision, which calls for rehabilitating and upgrading road and rail networks, airports, improving urban public transport, and expanding access to electricity as well as safe water. The World Bank's 2006 Poverty Assessment also supports this agenda, showing that improved infrastructure is necessary to support the progression out of poverty.

15. The project is aligned well with the Bank's Africa Strategy, which is built on the foundation of governance and public sector capacity and supports competitiveness and employment. This project will contribute to: (a) improving the business environment in Kenya through reduction of travel time and transport costs; (b) facilitating better performance of the tourism and horticultural industries that are heavily dependent on the aviation sector; (c) strengthening governance in the transport sector. Jobs have been, and will continue to be created, not only during the construction phase but also as a result of the multiplier effect of an improved economy; and (d) improving road and airport infrastructure to boost prosperity and facilitate movement of the population out of poverty.

16. The period of the Bank's current CPS for Kenya expired in June 2013, but its program, which includes the KTSSP, remains relevant under the upcoming CPS as concluded in the Completion Report. In the meantime, a new CPS is under preparation for Board presentation in the fourth quarter of FY14.

17. **The original Project.** The Board approved the KTSSP on April 21, 2011 and the Credit (US\$300 million equivalent) became effective on August 22, 2011. The Credit closing date is December 31, 2016.

18. **The Original Project Development Objectives (PDOs).** The original PDOs of the project are to: (a) increase the efficiency of road transport along the Northern Corridor and the Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan road corridor; (b) enhance aviation safety and security to meet

international standards; and (c) improve the institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector.

19. **The original key results indicators** include: (a) a reduction in travel time and cost on the selected road sections along the Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan and Northern Corridors; (b) a reduction in vehicle operating costs; (c) Kenya meets ICAO standards and recommended practices, and KCAA is cleared for IASA Category 1 safety status; (d) improved institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector; and (e) a reduction in road crashes along the Kisumu-Kitale road section.

20. **The Original Project Scope and Design.** The original project consists of the following four components (as detailed in in the PAD dated March 29, 2011 - Report No: 60005-KE). Proposed changes to the components are discussed in under Section III.

- (a) **Component A.** *Rehabilitation and improvements of roads, roadside facilities and road safety interventions (US\$201.44 million).* It involves the rehabilitation and improvement of selected road sections (231 km) and provision of roadside facilities and road safety interventions along the Tanzania-Kenya -South Sudan and Northern Corridors.
- (b) **Component B.** *Institutional strengthening and capacity building in the transport sector* (*US\$62.48 million*). This component includes: (i) policy and institutional reforms, strengthening of various institutions in the transport sector through acquisition and provision of equipment, vehicles, modernization of management information systems, financial planning, contract management and related operational capacities, to enhance delivery of services; and (ii) training of sector personnel, construction of office blocks, and carrying out feasibility and detailed engineering designs and sector studies for managing the road network. This component also supports studying the impact of the new constitution on the responsibilities and functioning of transport sector institutions; and supporting the implementation of the integrated national transport policy.
- (c) **Component C.** *Support to Kenya Airports Authority (KAA) (US\$15.04 million).* The activities under this component include rehabilitating the MIA's runway, taxiways and apron, and modernizing its airfield ground lighting systems; upgrading and modernizing the power supply to MIA and connecting to the KCAA facilities and equipment; provision of a new baggage-handling system at JKIA; and augmenting water supply to both the JKIA and MIA.
- (d) Component D. Support to Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA) (US\$21.05 million). The component involves: (i) enhancing aviation safety and oversight capacity; (ii) restructuring the KCAA by separating regulatory responsibilities from its service provision functions; (iii) constructing an office block to house the Authority's headquarters; (iv) upgrading the ICT facilities and air navigation systems; and (v) training manpower in safety, security and oversight in the civil aviation industry.

21. **Project Performance.** The progress towards achieving the PDOs is currently rated Satisfactory. Most of the policy reforms required to put the sector on a sound footing have been

implemented ahead of schedule (refer to Annex 3). Major civil works contracts that take the bulk of the financing have been awarded. For instance, four out of the five road contracts have been awarded in addition to a major road related contract on constructing three interchanges. As a result, over US\$197 million or 66 percent of the original credit is committed in terms of awarded and on-going contracts (refer to Table 4) and it is expected to increase by the end of March 2014 (refer to Table 5). Therefore overall Implementation Progress (IP) is rated as Moderately Satisfactory. The updated Results Framework and ORAF are attached as Annexes 1 and 2, respectively.

22. **Disbursement**. Disbursement levels are at about 9.7 percent as at February 15, 2014. About 79 percent of the funds under the project are for civil works contracts and have been or are about to be committed. Though a significant size of the original credit is already committed (at 66 percent, refer to Table 4), disbursement is still low. This is partly attributed to insufficient and late releases of counterpart financing (currently at 25 percent), but also because the bulk of the Credit proceeds is tied up in civil works contracts, mainly road works which are in the early stages of implementation. High value activities in such contracts occur at the later stages of execution of works such as laying asphalt. Therefore accelerating disbursement hinges on:

- (a) expediting execution of project activities and ensuring that contractors, suppliers and consultants are paid fully and promptly for work done, goods delivered and services rendered;
- (b) resolving the co-financing shortfall and timely and adequate release of funds. Otherwise: (i) for contracts already awarded, the contractors have either slowed down or delayed the start-up of construction works due to the inability of the GoK to pay its portion of counterpart funding in full; and (ii) contractors are apprehensive and not willing to commit their own resources given the uncertainty as to when arrears of the GoK portion would be fully paid. For instance, the commencement of works on the Kakamega-Webuye road section was delayed for over three months until the GoK paid its contribution of the advance even though the IDA portion was paid on time; and
- (c) effectively dealing with contractual issues when they arise without delay.
- 23. A summary of the status follows.
 - (a) **Component A.** *Rehabilitation and improvements of roads, roadside facilities and road safety interventions (US\$201.44 million).* Over 88 percent of the funds allocated for this component are committed. Four (181 km) out the five contracts totaling 210 km and three interchanges have been awarded and are at different stages of implementation. This leaves only one major road contract Athi River-Machakos turnoff (21 km) for which the bids are expected to be awarded by the end of October 2014. However, the GoK has decided to terminate one of the four contracts on the reconstruction of Kakamega-Webuye (40 km) due to poor performance by the contractor. It will take some time to reach closure on the way forward, re-commence and complete the works.

No	Activity	Contract Price	IDA Financing
	A. Component A – Support to KeNHA		
Civi	l Works Contracts (original)		
1	Reconstruction of Kisumu-Kakamega road section	61.45	46.09
2	Reconstruction of Kakamega-Webuye road section	34.60	25.95
3	Reconstruction of Webuye-Kitale road section	47.00	35.25
4	Reconstruction of Bachuma Gate-Maji ya Chumvi	50.00	37.50
5	Supervision of Kisumu-Kakamega-Webuye-Kitale road	10.50	10.29
6	Construction of three Interchanges at major junctions: Nakuru-	31.00	23.25
	Njoro; Nakuru-Nyahururu; and Mau Summit-Kericho		
	Sub-total	234.55	178.33
]	B. Component B – Support to MoTI (restructured)		
7	Study on impact of new constitution on MoTI	0.10	0.09
(C. Component D – Support to KCAA		
8	Technical assistance for oversight unit	2.80	2.74
9	Air navigation equipment	6.40	6.27
10	Construction of an Office block for KCAA	10.50	7.88
11	ICT upgrade	1.00	0.98
12	Supervision of construction of KCAA office block	1.00	0.98
	Sub-total	21.80	18.94
	Total commitments	256.35	197.27

 Table 4: Contracts Awarded (US\$ million)

- (b) **Component B.** *Institutional strengthening and capacity building in the transport sector* (*US\$62.48 million*). Major policy reforms have been achieved including the establishment of the National Construction Authority (NCA), an oversight body for the construction industry, the establishment of the National Transport and Safety Authority (NTSA), responsible for road safety matters in the country and strengthening of the Engineers Board of Kenya (EBK) with an additional mandate of providing oversight of the engineering profession and practice. Part of the proceeds of the Credit is financing the start-up activities for all of these institutions, as well as other transport sector institutions recently established such as the Kenya Maritime Authority (KMA) and the Kenya National Highways Authority (KeNHA). Proposals for feasibility and design studies of several road sections have been invited, received and evaluated and contract award is expected before the end of March 2014 as illustrated in Table 5.
- (c) **Component C.** Support to Kenya Airports Authority (KAA) (US\$15.04 million). This component is delayed due to the time it has taken to conclude the co-financing arrangements with the AFD, the main co-financier. On December 10, 2013, the AFD Board approved a direct loan of US\$66 million equivalent to KAA mainly to finance the reconstruction of the runway at MIA. About US\$97.54 million was envisaged from AFD at appraisal, implying a shortfall of US\$32.54 million, which now KAA will meet.
- (d) Component D. Support to the Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA) (US\$21.05 million). About 87 percent of the funds for this component are committed with the award of the contract for supplying and installing navigation systems equipment; acquisition of ICT equipment and systems; engagement of consultants to strengthen the oversight

function; and award of works contract on constructing an office block to house KCAA's headquarters. As part of the reforms, KCAA is expected to be restructured by separating the oversight function from its service provision responsibilities. A consultant is assisting in the restructuring process. The exercise was expected to be completed by December 31, 2014. However, more time is needed to allow the process to be completed and take into account the recommendations and reconstitution of the government following the 2013 elections. Therefore, the end date for concluding the exercise has been revised to December 31, 2015. As an initial step in the restructuring process, the GoK has enhanced the remuneration of the staff and this has helped in attracting the flight safety inspectorate personnel, which KCAA found difficult to retain in the recent past.

	Table 5. Contracts expected for Award (US\$ minion) by end of March 2014							
	Activity	Cost	Status					
		Estimate						
1	Updating designs and supervising the construction of Athi River Machakos	2.50	Bank has					
	turnoff road		provided					
2	Supervision of reconstruction of Bachuma Gate-Maji ya Chumvi road	3.00	it's no					
3	Feasibility and design studies for: (a) Nakuru-Nyahururu-Nyeri; (b) Mombasa	10.00	objection					
	Western Bypass; (c) Lake Victoria Ring Road; (d) Nakuru-Loruk-Marich Pass;		to the					
	and (e) Malindi-Madogo-Garissa		technical					
4	Design and supervision of construction of an office block for KeNHA and	1.50	evaluation					
	others		reports					
5	Design and supervision of the construction of a hangar for air accident	0.82						
	investigation							
6	Development of performance monitoring framework for maritime sub-sector	0.50						

24. Disbursement projections of US\$157.79 million for the period March-September 2014, detailed in Table 6 are based on the assumption of adequate financing of contracts and timely processing of associated payments.

1.20

19.52

Supervision of construction of three interchanges

7

Total

Ŭ			
	FY14	FY15	Total
Component	Q4	Q1	
A. Support to KeNHA	53.74	37.64	91.38
B. Support to the MoTI			
1. Support to the State Department of Infrastructure	0.20	1.00	1.20
2.Support to the State Department of Transport	0.70	2.70	3.40
C. Support to KAA			
1. Activities under Original Credit		0.70	0.70
2. Emergency Activities	18.53	36.30	54.83
D. Support KCAA	1.24	5.04	6.28
Total	74.41	83.38	157.79

Table 6: Disbursement Projections (US\$ million)

25. **Fiduciary and safeguards aspects**. There are no outstanding financial audits. Implementation of the safeguards requirements is also satisfactory. All the safeguards reports required for the relevant original project activities were reviewed and cleared by the Bank and disclosed both in the country and at the Bank's Info Shop before conclusion of the appraisal of the project, and include: (a) the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) approved by the National Environmental Management Authority (NEMA); (b) the Resettlement Policy Framework; and (c) the specific Resettlement Action Plans (RAP) for the applicable project components, and the Environmental Management Plans (EMP) for carrying out civil works at JKIA. The EMP on installing emergency passenger terminal facilities at JKIA has been prepared, reviewed, cleared by the Bank, and disclosed in the Bank's Info Shop and in-country on February 27, 2014. The Integrated Safeguards Data Sheet is revised, cleared for re-disclosure and include the proposed emergency activities at the JKIA.

26. The Resettlement Policy Framework (RPF) covers all the impacts of the original and the Additional Financing project components. The experience of implementing the RAPs for the road works currently under implementation has been satisfactory. Quarterly progress reports are submitted to the Bank by the internationally-recruited supervision consultants for each contract, and these reports are reviewed by the Bank's team to ensure compliance with agreed policies. Any shortcomings in complying with the RAP or the respective EIAs observed during the Bank's regular supervision missions are promptly identified and reported for rectification to the implementing agency or the supervision consultant, as appropriate.

27. **Financial Management (FM).** The project's performance is currently rated as Satisfactory and FM arrangements are assessed as adequate. The project is in full compliance with the financial reporting and the quarterly Interim Financial Reports. Annual audit reports are submitted to the Association within the stipulated deadlines, and are assessed as being in form and content satisfactory to the Association. The Project adopted the International Public Sector Accounting Standards Cash Basis of Accounting. The external auditors also conduct procurement audits as part of the annual financial audit and management letters reflecting on any internal control weaknesses are submitted to the Borrower and Bank.

28. **Procurement performance.** Overall procurement performance is currently rated as Satisfactory though the KAA component is delayed due to the time it has taken to conclude the co-financing arrangements. The Project Implementation Teams (PITs) in the implementing agencies are all adequately staffed with qualified and experienced Procurement Specialists and have access to appropriate tools and knowledge, including continuing assistance from the Bank's Country Office, enabling them to carry out their functions effectively. The implementation of contracts already awarded is proceeding in accordance with the revised work program. In case of road contracts, supervision is adequate. Procurement related activities of the other non-road components of the project are also progressing satisfactorily. Therefore, the procurement risk of the project is assessed as Moderate. The revised Procurement Plans have been prepared and discussed and agreed during negotiations for the restructured and expanded components, and will be updated on the Bank's website.

29. **Implementation Arrangements**. The arrangements have worked well, with all the Project Implementation Teams (PITs) staffed adequately, and where necessary complemented by consultants on a retainer basis. The institutional arrangements will be modified slightly under the proposed Additional Financing, with the merger of the former Ministries of Roads and Transport to form the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure (MoTI), whose functions and mandate have been expanded and cover all modes of transport.

30. The PITs in each of the implementing agencies, namely, KeNHA, MoTI, KAA, and KCAA, are well constituted and have been implementing the project since its inception. The teams are also adequately staffed and generally well resourced, with good oversight arrangements at higher level of management through the Project Oversight Committee (POC). The GoK has enhanced KAA's capacity, in order to ensure speedy decision making and implementation of the emergency activities related to JKIA. Additional experts in relevant fields have been assigned to the KAA PIT including policy, technical, procurement, legal and financial management to support the implementation of the emergency operation.

31. **Conditions and Legal Covenants**. There is substantial compliance with key covenants. Except for a delay in completing the restructuring of KCAA, all the other dated covenants have been fulfilled. Specifically: (a) the appointment of a Project Coordinator; (b) the establishment of the NCA, a regulatory body for the construction industry; (c) the establishment of the NTSA, a new body responsible for all road safety matters; (d) strengthening of the Engineers Board of Kenya (EBK), a regulatory body for practicing of engineering profession; and (e) adoption of a new transport policy (Integrated National Transport Policy - INTP). Meanwhile the process of restructuring KCAA by separating regulatory functions from its service provision responsibilities is on track, though additional time is required to conclude the process. A consultant has been selected with funding under the NCTIP and is assisting KCAA in the process of separation. The separation process now expected to be concluded by December 31, 2015.

Technical Aspects

32. The road design standards adopted under the project conform to the latest design practices. The standards and specifications are consistent with international practice. On the road sections where traffic levels have grown since appraisal and exceed the generally-accepted capacity of two-lane roads, it is proposed that these sections are widened to four lanes, such as the 4.5 km stretch from the A1/B1 junction in Kisumu City to A1/B23 junction, at Mamboleo along the Kisumu-Kakamega road. Similarly the scope of the proposed interventions at major junctions such as Mamboleo, Chavakali, Kaburengu, Webuye and Kitale is proposed to increase compared to that at appraisal to enhance safety.

33. Meanwhile, the proposed rehabilitation and extension of the runway at Moi International Airport, Mombasa, has been reassessed and more cost-effective designs adopted that meet acceptable international standards as well as the building works related to the office block for KCAA and KeNHA which conform to local architectural and building codes.

34. **Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E), and Communication**: The University of Nairobi has been selected as the M&E consultant and the preparatory work for the commencement of the assignment is underway.

Rationale for Additional Financing

35. The main rationale for the additional credit is responding to an emergency situation and lessening the rather substantial burden that the GoK is shouldering with regard to this project. The additional credit will help in:

- (a) averting the deferment in executing an expansion plan underway at JKIA by financing the costs associated with: (i) installing temporary international passenger arrival facilities since the only international arrival facility was destroyed in the fire, and (ii) bringing forward and implementing expansion activities at the airport that were initially expected in the next 3-4 years such as the arrival facility for Terminal 4; and
- (b) financing the expenditures of the original project activities whose costs and scope has increased and if implemented will scale-up the development effectiveness of the project.
- 36. Specifically, the underlying rationale for the Additional Financing includes:
 - (a) Urgent restoration of the international passenger arrivals facilities at JKIA to avoid interrupting the operations since the temporary measures in place could easily be disrupted in the event of adverse weather conditions. The JKIA being a hub and the busiest airport in the Eastern Africa region could lose its strategic position as a preferred transit airport serving Sub Saharan Africa if the facilities are not expeditiously reinstated to enhance the service standards;
 - (b) KAA/GoK are currently financing major investments on expanding JKIA estimated to cost US\$1.3 billion with a completion date of 2017 (Table 3) and their contribution of about US\$478 million over the next five years, is significant. Support from additional IDA financing will therefore avert derailing the expansion program at JKIA by diverting available funds toward emergency;
 - (c) The Bank support to KAA has been transformative and catalytic. It has contributed in transforming the KAA from a loss to a profit making organization (refer to Table 2) and in leveraging substantial resources from other financiers (refer to Table 3). Therefore, KAA has committed substantial resources, and it would be disruptive and time consuming for the Authority to line up and conclude financing from the private sector in a timely manner to address this urgent situation. This notwithstanding, the magnitude of the disaster, if not supported by additional IDA contribution, could adversely affect the financial outlook of both KAA and Kenya Airways and reverse the benefits accrued from the reforms in the sector, unless addressed urgently; and
 - (d) The GoK is shouldering a relatively high financing proportion, given the financial difficulties that have ensued arising mainly from the substantial resources required to implement a new devolved system of Government. As a result, the GoK is unable to contribute in full and pay contractors its portion of financing for work done. This implies that the GoK will not only use its resources in meeting accrued interest and not work done, but also bidders will offer higher prices for similar works in future. Furthermore, a slippage in the execution of works will delay realizing the intended benefits of the project

including reducing travel time and transport costs along the main trade and transport corridors, thereby contributing to holding up the pace of integrating the economies of the Eastern African countries. Nevertheless, the GoK will still contribute US\$63.70 million (or 10.1percent) towards the project.

Sector Governance

37. Governance in the transport sector has shown significant improvements in the recent past after a long challenging period. Major risks were prevalent. Risks included complex institutional arrangements; unclear responsibility and ownership arrangements of the road networks; indications of collusion, other forms of bid rigging and fraud during implementation; and overloading of vehicles that destroyed the road infrastructure, among others. A Road sub-sector Governance and Integrity Improvement Action Plan (GAP) was agreed between the GoK and the Bank and has been under implementation over the last five years under NCTIP, and where appropriate, has been adopted for the ongoing KTSSP.

38. The implementation of the measures under the GAP has contributed to improving the business environment, increasing competition, and the GoK obtaining comparatively more competitive bids than before (from two to three bids to over nine on average per contract), with some bid prices below the engineer's estimates.

39. As part of the GAP, major institutional and policy reforms have been implemented in the transport sector. The reforms included separating policy formulation from program execution; adopting of a new transport policy; clarifying the institutional arrangements and ownership of the various categories of the road network; strengthening the oversight and regulatory functions; providing financial autonomy to the aviation authorities, among others. Details on the status of the implementation of policy reforms in the transport sector are provided in Annex 3.

40. Notwithstanding the progress, some challenges remain, including: (a) the poor condition of much of the road network (56 percent); (b) periodic allegations of governance malpractices; (c) public sector inefficiency; (d) capacity constraints at airports and the seaport; (e) weaknesses in aviation safety and security oversight; and (f) poor road safety. Unlike the national roads which fall under KeNHA, the ownership of rural and urban roads is still under debate. The MoTI has appointed a committee that is working on this matter, and draft recommendations have been prepared culminating in discussions with key stakeholders including the Parliamentary Committee on Transport and also with Senators. The project will continue to facilitate a review of the options.

Emergency Activities: Accidental Fire Incident at JKIA and Government Response

41. **Immediate Temporary measures in response to the fire incident.** In an effort to restore operations, the GoK took immediate and temporary measures that enabled the start of operations at the airport on the day of the fire incident. Tents were erected for holding departing passengers before boarding of air crafts. In addition, the domestic operations were temporarily moved to one of the Kenya Airways cargo terminal and Kenya Airways departures moved to Terminal 3, the Domestic Terminal, while all the other airlines operated their international departures from Terminal 2. All international arrivals were processed through a tent at the State

Pavilion, which was later abandoned once the recently built parking garage, financed under the NCTIP, was converted into a temporary international arrivals facility but constraining further the parking needs at the airport. Similarly Terminal 3 reverted to a domestic terminal on completion of minor repairs on Terminals 1 and 2.

42. GoK and KAA received support from the private sector in terms donations including tents, baggage trollies, passenger buses, weather proof steps among many others (refer to Table 1). KAA on its part used about US\$15 million equivalent of its own resources to fund these immediate temporary interventions. By turning the parking garage into a temporary arrivals facility, major disruption of operations was averted. The result however is insufficient parking space and severe congestion during peak arrivals periods. It is worth noting that some of the interventions, such as heavy rainfall, would easily disrupt and further complicate the provision of services at the airport. Medium term interventions are therefore required.

43. **Proposed Emergency activities.** To accommodate the current passenger demand, and avert deferment of implementing the expansion plan (refer to Table 3), JKIA urgently needs temporary terminal facilities to replace the arrival and part of the departure facilities until new permanent facilities are in place and to free the parking facilities for their intended purpose. The GoK/KAA has examined and determined that short-to-medium term (1-5 years) interventions, such as provision of pre-fabricated facilities, would ensure that the airport operations and passenger services are restored to normal levels, while at the same time allow completion of the on-going, as well as planned works for expanding the JKIA (refer to Table 3), including the construction of Terminal 4 and remote stands being financed by other interventions. The fire incident has necessitated re-assessment of the disaster response capability within KAA and at airports, with a view of establishing any gaps and proposing measures for strengthening and equipping the Authority to respond to such events in a timely manner. The scope and individual emergency activities are described in Table 7. All proposed works will be undertaken outside the areas that were affected by the fire.

44. Some of the short term measures identified for the Bank's assistance detailed in Table 7 are similar to those on-going under NCTIP involving the expansion of JKIA with financing from the Bank, the EIB and AFD (refer to Table 3). The main contracts under NCTIP include the building works (Terminal 4), supply and installation contracts for baggage handling systems; information technology systems; and consulting services among others. Some of these on-going contracts are similar in nature to those required for installing temporary and additional permanent international passenger terminal facilities to be provided under the project. Therefore, for rapid response, where feasible, and on an exceptional basis, contractors, suppliers or consultants will either be directly contracted or single sourced in cases where the Bank's procurement procedures were used to procure or select them for some of the needed emergency works, supply and installation contracts, and consulting services.

45. The emergency nature of these activities requires speedy execution, innovation, expeditious review of the relevant documentation and clearances from the Bank. For instance, it was agreed that the supplier for the baggage handling system for Terminal 4 who had been procured through a competitive process, be contracted through direct contracting to supply

additional equipment under the emergency works. This enabled the commissioning of an arrivals facility in the parking garage within two weeks after the fire incident.

46. The emergency activities will be implemented under OP 10 paragraph 11(i). With respect to the proposed emergency works at JKIA, neither land acquisition nor project-affected persons are involved, since the full extent of the works is concentrated within the land and air-side security boundary of property owned by the airport authority.

Due Diligence on Procurement Actions for Emergency Activities

47. Given that a substantial amount of the additional financing is to be used for emergency activities, it is inevitable that procurement procedures will have to be modified to avoid long delays. Hence, it is necessary that all bids are subjected to due diligence to ensure value for money, within the context of emergency. For instance, installation of the proposed temporary international passenger terminals was conceptualized as a turnkey contract. Therefore the Bank's standard bidding documents were appropriately modified to conform to the requirements of such contracts and they included only conceptual designs prepared by the Borrower, upon which bidders were to propose their own designs and quote the corresponding prices.

48. The bid prices turned out to be much higher than the pre-bid engineer's cost estimates. Due to the unexpected high prices, it was agreed that the bids be subjected to an independent review. KAA with the assistance of a consultant independently carried out costing (value engineering exercise) of the offer by the qualified firm based on their proposed design as well as reviewing the appropriateness of the proposed designs.

49. Based on the findings of the analysis by the independent consultant, the lowest evaluated bid price, recommended for approval by KAA, of EURO 28.5 million was found to be 31 percent higher than the post-bid engineer's estimate of EURO 21.7 million. Certain items in the bid were identified as highly priced by the bidder, such as HVAC system, X-ray screening equipment and electrical works. Several reasons were raised contributing to the relatively higher bid prices including: (a) the short period of installation of 120 days implying the materials would be pre-fabricated abroad and airlifted; (b) the short contract period for installation, coupled with the need for specialized skills required for the task and not available in the local market resulting in more expatriates to guarantee quality outputs; and (c) use of Delivered Duty Paid (DPP) terms where bidders take most of the risks.

	1			
Activity	Category	Total	IDA	GoK
1. Supply & install Baggage Handling System (BHS) at the Parking				
Garage	Goods	3.47	3.47	0.00
2. Supply & install BHS and Assorted Equipment for Arrival				
Facility Next to T3	Goods	5.20	5.20	0.00
3. Supply & install Integrated Security Management System for				
Arrival Facility Next to T3	Goods	1.50	1.50	0.00
4. Supply of Airside Buses	Goods	2.10	2.10	0.00
5. Supply of Fire Tenders (Airside)	Goods	2.70	2.70	0.00
6. Supply of Disaster Management & Emergency Response				
Equipment	Goods	3.00	3.00	0.00
7. Supply of Mobile Weather Proof Steps ¹	Goods	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sub-total (Goods)		17.97	17.97	0.00
1. Design, Supply and Installing (a) Level 1 Departure and Transit				
Lounge at T3; and (b) Arrival facility next to T3	Works	22.00	22.00	0.00
2. Construction of a Permanent Arrivals Facility to serve T4	Works	26.00	20.00	6.00
3. Immediate temporary activities for restoration of operations at	Works/	20.00	20.00	0.00
JKIA	Good	15.00	0.00	15.00
4.Strengthening environmental management capacity in waste	Works/			
management at JKIA and MIA	Goods	1.00	1.00	0.00
Sub-total (Works)		64.00	43.00	21.00
1. Consultancy services for Conducting an Assessment to enhance				
Disaster Management ²	Cons	0.00	0.00	0.00
2. Consultancy services for Supervision of Works	Cons	2.00	2.00	0.00
3. Consultancy services for Assessing Structural integrity of T1 and				
Arrivals Building	Cons	0.03	0.03	0.00
Sub-total (Consultancy Services)		2.03	2.03	0.00
4. Operating costs (Additional Financing)	Ор	0.50	0.00	0.50
Total for Emergency and Improvement Activities at JKIA (New)		84.50	63.00	21.50

 Table 7: Financing Plan for Emergency Activities at the JKIA (US\$ million)

¹Mobile Weather Proof Steps originally in this schedule will now be financed by the private sector at a cost of US\$0.5 million ²EIB will finance the activity at US\$1 million therefore this activity will not be covered under the Credit.

50. On an exceptional basis, it was agreed that KAA would negotiate with the recommended bidder on items that were considered highly priced alongside reviewing the offered systems, with a view to examining more cost effective systems for substitution. The negotiations resulted in a significant reduction (47 percent) in the offered price, amounting to almost EURO 15.2 million through the adoption of more cost effective options.

51. It is expected that the implementing agencies will follow similar approaches to ensure value for money in all procurement packages to be financed under the additional financing, despite the emergency nature of goods and services to be procured.

Bank Policies

52. The additional credit will not trigger any exceptions to Bank policies or waivers.

III. PROPOSED CHANGES

Summary of Proposed Changes

The project will be restructured and involves introducing new emergency activities; expanding and scaling up the scope of the original project activities with the objective of enhancing safety of pedestrians and other road users along selected road sections on the Northern and Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan corridors.

The proposed changes therefore involves (a) revising the Project Development Objectives (PDOs); (b) changes in the design, scope and costs; (c) modifying the results indicators; (d) reducing the number of implementing agencies; (e) changing the institutional arrangements; (f) revising the disbursement and financial arrangements; (g) a reducing the number of designated accounts; (h) change in the applicable procurement guidelines; (i) increasing the financing proportion by IDA; (j) extending the completion date of restructuring KCAA to December 31, 2015; and (k) extending the Credit closing date to December 31, 2018.

Change in Implementing Agency	Yes [X] No []
Change in Project's Development Objectives	Yes [X] No []
Change in Results Framework	Yes [X] No []
Change in Safeguard Policies Triggered	Yes [] No [X]
Change of EA category	Yes [] No [X]
Other Changes to Safeguards	Yes [] No [X]
Change in Legal Covenants	Yes [X] No []
Change in Loan Closing Date(s)	Yes [X] No []
Cancellations Proposed	Yes [] No [X]
Change in Disbursement Arrangements	Yes [X] No []
Reallocation between Disbursement Categories	Yes [X] No []
Change in Disbursement Estimates	Yes [X] No []
Change to Components and Cost	Yes [X] No []
Change in Institutional Arrangements	Yes [X] No []
Change in Financial Management	Yes [X] No []
Change in Procurement	Yes [X] No []
Change in Implementation Schedule	Yes [X] No []
Other Change(s)	Yes [] No [X]
Development Objective/Results	PHHHDO
Project's Development Objectives	

Original PDO

The Project Development Objectives are to: (a) increase the efficiency of road transport along the Northern Corridor and the Tanzania-Kenya-Sudan road corridor; (b) enhance aviation safety and security to meet international standards; and (c) improve the institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector.

Change in Project's Development Objectives

Explanation:

Project Development Objectives (PDOs) will change due to the introduction of new activities leading to inclusion of two new objectives related to responding to the emergency.

Proposed New PDO - Additional Financing (AF)

The revised PDOs are to: (a) increase the efficiency of road transport along the Northern Corridor and the Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan road corridor; (b) enhance aviation safety and security to meet international standards; (c) improve the institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector; (d) restore the capacity of the international passenger terminal destroyed in a fire at JKIA; and (e) strengthen the capacity of KAA in disaster preparedness and responsiveness at Kenyan airports.

Change in Results Framework

Explanation:

The results framework is revised to accommodate and conform to the introduction of new activities and additional PDOs.

The new PDO Outcome is: JKIA meets ICAO and TSA aviation security and service level standards.

This will be achieved through:

(i) Lost or damaged international passenger terminal capacity restored by installation of pre-fabricated facilities;

(ii) A permanent arrivals facility constructed and in service at Terminal 4;

- (iii) Disaster preparedness and response system developed; and
- (iv) Number of Kenyan airport personnel trained in disaster preparedness and responsiveness.

Compliance

Covenants - Additional Financing (Transport Sector Support Project - Additional Financing - P146630)

Source of Funds	Finance Agreement Reference	Description of Covenants	Date Due	Recurrent	Frequency	Action
IDA	Article V 5.01	The Subsidiary Agreements have been executed on behalf of the Recipient and Kenya Airports Authority.	30-Jun- 2014			New
IDA	Schedule 2,	An aggregate	30-Jun-			New

	Section I' 1(a)	excee millic equiv be use (reim) paym prior signir Finan Agree (retro financ or afte 2013, Expen	alent may ed bursed) for ents made to the ng of the cing ement active cing) but on er August 7, for Eligible nditures.	2014			
Covenants - Ln/Cr/TF	Parent (Ke Finance Agreement Reference	Description	-	oport Project Status	- P124109) Recurrent	Frequency	Action
IDA- 49260	Section I A(1)	Appoint or recruit a Project Coordinato r	09-Apr- 2012	Complied with			No Change
IDA- 49260	Schedule 2, I G	The Recipient has restructure d the KCAA in accordance with the KCAA Strategic Plan including separating its service provision responsibli ties from its	31-Dec- 2014	Not yet due			revised

		regulatory functions.						
				Finance			PHHHFin	
Loan Closing Date - Additional Financing (Transport Sector Support Project - Additional Financing - P146630)								
Source of F	unds			Proposed .	Additio	onal Financi	ing Loan Clo	osing Date
Borrower				31-Dec-2018				
International Development Association (IDA)			DA)	31-Dec-2018				
IDA recommitted as a credit				31-Dec-2018				
Loan Closin	ng Date(s) - P	arent (Kenya	Trans	port Sector	Suppo	ort Project -	P124109)	

Explanation:

The project closing date for the original credit is extended by two years to December 31, 2018, mainly to give enough time for: (a) engaging a consultant to update designs, procure a contractor, commence and complete the reconstruction of the runway at Moi International Airport, Mombasa, following the recent (December 10, 2013) approval of a loan in amount of US\$66 million equivalent by AFD to KAA for this purpose; and (b) completing the reconstruction of the other civil works contracts, mainly road contracts.

Ln/Cr/TF	Status	Original Closing Date	Current Closing Date	Proposed Closing Date	Previous Closing Date(s)					
IDA-49260	Effective	31-Dec-2016	31-Dec-2016	31-Dec-2018						

Change in Disbursement Arrangements

Explanation:

The disbursement arrangements will be modified to conform and adjust to the changes in the institutional and implementation arrangements. The number of implementing agencies will reduce from five to four, and the designated accounts will be reduced as well to correspond to this change. Specifically, the designated account under the former MoT will be closed and the balance refunded to the Bank.

Change in Disbursement Estimates (including all sources of Financing)

Explanation:

Disbursement estimates will change to reflect (a) an increase in the financing percentage by IDA at 100 percent of the eligible expenditures for FY14 and 15; and (b) inclusion of new emergency activities with relatively short implementation periods under the project, which are expected to disburse quickly.

Expected Disbursements (in USD Million) (including all Sources of Financing)									
Fiscal Year	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Annual	50.00	50.00	60.00	33.00	10.50				
Cumulative	50.00	100.00	160.00	193.00	203.50				
Allocations - Additional Financing (Transport Sector Support Project - Additional Financing - P146630)									

Source of	Currency	Category of	Allocation	Disbursement %(Type Total)	
Fund	2	Expenditure	Proposed	Proposed	
IDA	XDR	Works	111,191,000.00	83.85	
		Goods	13,010,000.00	9.81	
	XDR	Consultant Services	8,203,000.00	6.19	
IDA		Training	196,000.00	0.15	
		Unallocated	0.00	0.00	
		Total:	132,600,000.00		
IDAR	XDR		0.00	0.00	
		Total:	0.00		
Reallocation	n between Di	sbursement Categories	•		

Explanation:

There will be reallocation of funds among categories to reflect (a) the actual costs as most of the major contracts have been awarded and contract amounts are known; (b) expanded and or scaled down scope of the activities; (c) introduction of new activities related to certain categories; and (d) merging of some subcomponents due to changes in the implementation arrangements.

Ln/Cr/TF	Currency	Current Category of Expenditure	Allocation		Disbursement %(Type Total)	
			Current	Proposed	Current	Proposed
IDA-49260	XDR	Works Parts A and B1	121,700,00 0.00	124,700,000 .00	0.00	100.00
IDA-49260		Works Part B3	2,400,000.0	2,400,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
		Works Part C	6,700,000.0 0	3,800,000.0 0	0.00	87.00
		Works Part D	2,500,000.0	5,400,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
		Goods Parts A and B1	1,200,000.0	1,200,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
		Goods Part B2	300,000.00	300,000.00	0.00	100.00
		Goods Part B3	2,900,000.0	3,100,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
		Goods Part D	7,600,000.0	5,000,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
		Cons. Serv. Parts A and	21,000,000.	21,000,000.	0.00	100.00

	B1	00	00		
	Cons. Serv. Part B2	4,500,000.0 0	4,800,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
	Cons. Serv. Part B3	4,800,000.0 0	4,800,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
	Cons. Serv. Part C	1,700,000.0 0	4,900,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
	Cons. Serv. Part D	1,900,000.0 0	1,900,000.0 0	0.00	100.00
	Training Parts A and B1	1,000,000.0 0	1,000,000.0 0	100.00	100.00
	Training Part B2	300,000.00	300,000.00	100.00	100.00
	Training Part B3	600,000.00	600,000.00	100.00	100.00
	Training Part C	650,000.00	650,000.00	100.00	100.00
	Training Part D	650,000.00	650,000.00	100.00	100.00
	Parts A and B1	6,300,000.0 0	3,300,000.0 0	0.00	0.00
	Part B2	400,000.00	100,000.00	0.00	0.00
	Part B3	500,000.00	300,000.00	0.00	0.00
	Part C	500,000.00	200,000.00	0.00	0.00
	Part D	700,000.00	400,000.00	0.00	0.00
	Designated Account	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Designated Account	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Designated Account	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Designated Account	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Designated Account	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total:	190,800,00 0.00	190,800,000 .00		
		ponents	PE	IHHCompo	
Change to Compo	onents and Cost				
Explanation:	will be merged and harmonized to	noflo of (11		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Some components will be merged and harmonized to reflect the changes in the of the scope of original activities; introduction of new activities; changes in prices; merging of some sub-components to correspond to the reconstitution of the Government following the March 2013 elections under the new Constitution

(2010), which resulted in the consolidation of ministries at the national level and devolution of some powers.

Therefore, the components are modified as follows:

(a) **Original**: Component A (Rehabilitation and improvement of roads, roadside facilities and road safety interventions component) and Sub-Component B-1 (Support to KeNHA, Kenya Urban Roads Authority - KURA and Kenya Rural Roads Authority - KeRRA) are consolidated into a revised Component A.

Revised: Component A - Support to KeNHA to rehabilitate and improve roads, roadside facilities, road safety interventions and for institutional strengthening.

(b) **Original**: Sub-component B-2 (Support to the Kenya Roads Board - KRB and MoR) and Subcomponent B-3 (Support to the Ministry of Transport - MoT) are consolidated into a revised Component B with two sub-components, B1 and B2.

Revised: Component B - Support to the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure (MoTI). Sub-component B1: Support to the State Department of Infrastructure. Sub-component B2: Support to the State Department of Transport.

(c) **Original:** Component C – Support to Kenya Airports Authority is split into two sub-components, C1 and C2.

Revised: Component C: Support to Kenya Airports Authority. Sub-component C1: Support to improve major airports. Sub-component C2: Emergency Activities to install temporary international passenger terminal facilities and construct arrival service facility for Terminal 4 at JKIA.

(d) **Component D** - Support to Kenya Civil Aviation Authority remains unchanged.

Revised Component A (Support to KeNHA to rehabilitate and improve roads, roadside facilities, road safety and for institutional strengthening): About (US\$132.46 million) of the Additional Financing will be allocated to this component to cover costs associated with: (i) expanded and previous under-provision in the scope of some activities related to the construction of major interchanges at Mamboleo in Kisumu City; Chavakali; Kaburengu; Webuye and Kitale along the Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan Corridor on road sections that are heavily trafficked and witnessed several fatal road accidents in the recent past; (ii) upgrading to four lane carriageway a 4.5 km road section within Kisumu City along the Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan road corridor from B1/A1 junction to A1/C34 junction, which is heavily trafficked, and has become a major constraint to the flow of traffic and movement of pedestrians. This road section is not only adjoining but also sandwiched between two road sections namely, Kakamega-Kisumu and Nyamasaria-Kisumu-Kisian, being expanded to four-lanes under this project (KTSSP) and NCTIP financed by the IDA. Unless expanded, this segment will remain a two-lane section located within the four-lane continuous road corridor; (iii) construction of a new grade separated junction at the busy Majengo township, on the Tanzania-Kenya South Sudan corridor; and (iv) constructing access roads to the East Africa School of Aviation (0.5 km) and the proposed office block for KCAA and road sub-sector entities (1 km) including associated non-motorized facilities, street lighting, and drainage.

Revised Component B (Support to the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure): The Additional Financing amount of US\$6.36 million for this component of which US\$2.28 million is for the State Department of Infrastructure and US\$4.08 million for the State Department of Transport will cover the

financing gap and expanded original activities.

Revised Component C (Support to Kenya Airports Authority (KAA): The Additional Financing for this component in amount of US\$63 million will be for new and emergency activities related to installing the temporary and permanent international passenger terminals facilities. Out of the US\$63 million, about US\$22 million will be toward temporary facilities for international passenger facilities that could still be utilized elsewhere in other airports with constraint capacity such as Kisumu after permanent facilities are in place. The balance of US\$38 million will finance permanent infrastructure facilities and equipment that will serve the airport in the long term as part of the expansion plan. The new activities are described in **Table 7.**

Revised Component D (Support to Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA): The Additional Financing of (US\$1.66 million) will cover the financing gap related to the original activities under this component.

The overall original and revised financing plan is summarized in **Table 10** (**Annex 7**). On the basis of the original cost estimates, the GoK was expected to contribute 16.8 percent, IDA 62.8 percent and AFD 20.4 percent. With the restructuring and proposed Additional Financing the project costs are expected to increase by 32.5 percent. Meanwhile, IDA's contribution will increase to 79.5 percent from 62.8 percent and contributions from AFD will decrease to 10.4 percent from 20.4 percent and for GoK will reduce from 16.8 percent to 10.1 percent.

The financing plan for the additional financing including the details of the activities to be financed from the additional credit are given in **Table 11** (**Annex 7**) as a summary and the proposed withdrawal of proceeds of the Credit is provided in **Table 12**, while **Annex 4** gives further detail. The financing plan (**Table 11** – **Annex 7**) indicates the additional funds to be made available from IDA, raising the financing percentage of eligible expenditures with a minimal contribution from the GoK based on the indicative cost estimates. The Bank has agreed with the GoK that should the costs increase further in future, and the available funds from IDA be inadequate, the government would cover the extra costs through budget allocation, or explore the possibility of bringing in other development partners. The costs associated with the implementation of the RAPs, relocation of services and operations related to implementing the project will be met by the GoK.

Current Component Name	Proposed Component Name	Current Cost (US\$M)	Proposed Cost (US\$M)	Action
Component A: Rehabilitation and improvement of roads, roadside facilities and road safety interventions	Component A - Support to KeNHA to rehabilitate and improve roads, roadside facilities, road safety and for institutional strengthening	201.44	370.82	Revised
Component B: Institutional strengthening and capacity building in the transport sector	Component B - Support to the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure (MoTI) Sub-component B1: State Department of Infrastructure. Sub- component B2: State Department of Transport	62.48	31.94	Revised

Component C: Support to KAA	COMPON Support to Airports A component to improve Sub-comp Emergence	o Kenya Authorit nt C1: S e major oonent (a ty Sub- bupport c airports C2:	15.04		78.04		Revised
Component D: Support to the KCAA	Component to the KC.		Support	21	.05		22.70	Revised
			Total:	300	.01		503.50	
			Other	Change(s)			PHH	HOthC
Change in Implementing	g Agency							
Explanation:								
The change arises from th Transport and Infrastructu							d Roads in	to a new Ministry of
Implementing Agency N	ame	[Гуре				Action	
Ministry of Transport and	Infrastruct	ure I	mplemen	ting Agency			New	
Change in Institutional A	Arrangeme	ents						
Explanation:								
The institutional arrangen reorganization of Govern The project will be impler	nent. This v	will affe	ect the im					
(a) Component A:			KeN					
(b) Component B:(c) Component C:			MoT KAA					
(d) Component D:			KCA					
In view of these changes, Secretary, MoTI, State De Department of Transport.	epartment o	f Infras	structure a	nd co-chaire	d by	the I		
Change in Financial Ma	nagement							
Explanation:								
Given the change in the ir the number of implementi								

number of designated accounts and financial monitoring and audit reports. No such reports will be expected from the former MoT.

Disbursement arrangements. Changes involve a reduction in the number of designated accounts. With regard to the proportion of eligible expenditures to be financed using the proceeds under the Credit (Original and Additional Financing) this will be determined at the beginning of each fiscal year though for FY14 and FY15, IDA will cover 100 percent except for some of the emergency activities for which KAA is co-financing. There will be reallocation of funds among categories to reflect the actual costs as most of the major contracts have been awarded.

Retroactive financing: The Additional Financing will provide for US\$40 million retroactive financing towards eligible expenditures incurred before signing of the Financing Agreement but not later than August 7, 2013. The procurement process relating to the emergency activities, under Component C, are advanced with some contracts already signed.

Change in Procurement

Explanation:

Procurement is carried out in accordance with the World Bank's Guidelines, including particularly, Guidelines: Procurement of Goods, Works and Non-Consulting Services under IBRD Loans and IDA Credits & Grants by World Bank Borrowers, dated January 2011 (and replaces Guidelines dated May 2004 revised October 2006 and May 2010), and Guidelines: Selection and Employment of Consultants under IBRD Loans and IDA Credits & Grants by World Bank Borrowers, dated January 2010) . The project will be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Anti-Corruption Guidelines. Procurement methods to be applied to all project goods and works are specified in the Procurement Plan, including the circumstances under which the methods may be used. The updated procurement plan is provided in **Annex 5**.

A General Procurement Notice (GPN) including the proposed new activities was published on the United Nations website on October 8, 2013 and will be updated annually for any outstanding International Competitive Bidding (ICB) and large consultancy services contracts, as appropriate.

Change in Implementation Schedule

Explanation:

There is a change in the implementation schedule as more time is required to complete the civil works contracts that have been delayed.

Appraisal Summary

Economic and Financial Analysis

Explanation:

Rehabilitation and Improvement of road sections on the Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan and Northern Corridors. The rehabilitation of four out of the five road sections is underway. The scope of works increased with the inclusion of a separate works contract on construction of interchanges at major junctions to improve on safety and flow of traffic. The road sections on which works are going on include: Kisumu-Kakamega; Kakamega-Webuye; Webuye-Kitale and Bachuma Gate-Maji ya Chumvi. The bid prices were slightly below the Engineer's estimates for these contracts. This notwithstanding, the scope of road works has increased and in turn the related costs marginally by incorporating measures to augment road safety thereby enhancing further the benefits of the project. The scope of works of the outstanding

road section for which bids have not been invited, the Athi River-Machakos turnoff, has not changed since it will be a new carriageway. The project's main benefits are the savings to be made by road users on vehicle operating costs, passenger time costs, and increased safety.

At appraisal the Net Present Value (NPV) of the rehabilitation of the road sections, as shown in **Table 9** (**Annex 7**), in 2010 prices, was US\$59.5 million, costing US\$222.05 million. The economic rates of return (ERR) varied from about 20 to 60 percent while the sensitivity analysis results showed that each of the five road sections was economically viable (positive NPVs and EIRR>12) even under the worst situation when costs go up by 20 percent and the benefits go down by 20 percent leading to ERRs in the range of 15-50 percent and NPV of US\$45 million. As shown in **Table 9** (**Annex 7**), only one road, Kisumu-Kakamega, has recorded an increase in scope and costs well above 20 percent due to: (a) inclusion of a new interchange at Majengo, a busy township; (b) extending, expanding into four-lane, and providing non-motorized facilities on the road section from A1/B1 junction in Kisumu municipality to A1/B34 junction at Mamboleo (4.5 km) stretch; and (c) increased scope of interchanges two major junctions, A1/B34 and A1/B39. The road sections have revised scope of works below 20 percent, with overall increase for all five roads of only 13.1 percent. Given that the revised scope is largely for introduction of grade separated interchanges and roadside facilities for increased safety, the benefits are expected to increase, such that in spite of the increase in costs, the ERRs are likely to remain in the most conservative range of 15-50 percent and NPV greater than or equal to the most conservative estimate of US\$45 million.

Rehabilitation of the runway at Mombasa International Airport (MIA), Mombasa. The costs have been revised within the context of adopting more cost-effective designs that are consistent with acceptable international standards. The revised scope and costs have increased to US\$70 million compared to the appraisal estimate of US\$60 million. When the costs of design and supervision of works are included in the analysis, the overall increase representing about 13 percent of total project cost. Therefore, based on the economic analysis (in 2011 prices) conducted during appraisal, the economic rate of return is about 21 percent and estimated NPV of US\$47.7 million at a 12 percent discount rate. Sensitivity analysis with a 25 percent increase in costs and 25 percent decrease in benefits, shows the ERR drop to 15.5 percent and NPV reducing to US\$18.9 million. The analysis also showed that even with 25 percent increase in costs, the benefits would have to decrease by more than 45 percent to reduce the NPV to zero. The revised estimate (including design and construction supervision) is US\$76.34 million or an increase of 27 percent with no decrease in benefits. Hence, the ERR remains within 15-21 percent range and the most conservative estimate of NPV at greater than US\$18.9 million.

Emergency activities at JKIA, Nairobi. The activities associated with JKIA aim at restoring the capacity of the international passenger terminal facilities as an emergency and sustaining the momentum of executing the expansion program underway at JKIA. JKIA is the main airport in Kenya and one of the largest in the Eastern Africa region. Therefore, any interruption has major rippling effects on the entire economy. For instance, it handled an overwhelming 72 percent (about 6.3 million) of all the passenger traffic at all airports in Kenya in 2012, most of whom were international travelers. The traffic is projected to continue to grow. Without reinstating the lost capacity, this category of passengers could easily shift to other regional airports resulting in JKIA losing its competitiveness as a regional hub. The cost of doing nothing is therefore significant and could adversely affect the economic growth of Kenya.

The main benefits of expanding the facilities at the JKIA comprise: (a) increased revenue for the KAA and the Kenya national carrier, Kenya Airways; (b) reduced congestion and improved service levels for passengers at the airport; (c) improved safety and security; (d) improved reliability and reduced delays in passenger handling; and (e) multiplier effects of reduction in the cost of doing business, particularly in the tourism and horticulture sectors.

Technical Analysis	

Explanation:

Where traffic levels have grown since appraisal corresponding changes have been made to the technical aspects. For instance, a 4.5 km stretch from the A1/B1 junction in Kisumu City to A1/B23 junction, at Mamboleo along the Kisumu-Kakamega road will now be upgraded from a two to a four lane carriage-way. Similar changes have been made to major junctions where it has become necessary to construct interchanges to improve on safety.

The proposed rehabilitation and extension of the runway at Moi International Airport, Mombasa, has been reassessed and more cost-effective designs adopted that meet acceptable international standards as well as the building works related to the office block for KCAA and KeNHA which conform to local architectural and building codes.

Social Analysis

Explanation:

There is no change to the safeguards documents related to the original activities that were disclosed both in-country and the Bank's Info Shop before appraisal.

The emergency activities are being implemented under OP 10 paragraph 11.

Environmental Analysis

Explanation:

As is the case with social aspects, all emergency activities will be implemented under OP 10 paragraph 11. The overall environmental category remains B-partial assessment. The new activities do not trigger new safeguard policies. All the safeguards reports required for the relevant original project activities were reviewed, cleared by the Bank, and re-disclosed both in the country and at the Bank's InfoShop. The EMP on installing prefabricated terminal at JKIA has been completed and cleared by the Bank; disclosed in the country and disclosed at the InfoShop on February 27, 2014. The Integrated Safeguards Data Sheet is slightly revised to include the proposed emergency activities at the JKIA and have been re-disclosed on March 10, 2014.

Risk

Explanation:

A Road sub-sector Governance and Integrity Improvement Action Plan (GAP) was agreed between the GoK and the Bank and has been under implementation over the last five years is showing positive results including contributing to the improvement of business environment, increasing competition, and the GoK obtaining comparatively more competitive bids than before (from two to three bids to over nine on average per contract) to over eight, with some bid prices below the engineer's estimates.

As part of the GAP, major institutional and policy reforms have been implemented in the transport sector. The reforms included separating policy formulation from execution of program; adopting of a new transport policy; clarifying the institutional arrangements and ownership of the various categories of the road network; strengthening the oversight and regulatory functions; providing financial autonomy to the aviation authorities, among others.

Notwithstanding the progress, challenges remain, including those arising from implementing the 2010 Constitution which among other things devolved power and significant responsibilities to 47 Counties.

Hence the financial requirements and aligning the new responsibilities of the sector with the new (2010) Constitution amidst rising public expenditure remain a major risk to implementation of the project.

	Category		nt of Credit All		% of Expenditures to be financed (inclusive of taxes) ¹			
		Original (in SDR equivalent)	Proposed reallocation of the Original (in SDR equivalent)	Proposed Additional Credit (US\$ equivalent)	Original Credit	Proposed Amended and Restated Original and Additional Credit		
1	Works Support to KeNHA to Rehabilitate and Improve Roads, roadside facilities, road safety and for Institutional Strengthening	121,700,000	124,700,000	123,060,000	75%	Such percentage of Eligible Expenditures as the Association may determine		
	Support to the MoTI State Dept of Transport Support to KAA	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,870,000	75%	for each Fiscal Year		
	(i) Original	6,700,000	3,800,000	0	20%			
	(ii) Emergency			43,000,000		87%		
	Support to KCAA	2,500,000	5,400,000	1,660,000	75%			
2	Goods				100% of	Such percentage		
	Support to KeNHA Support to the MoTI and KRB (i) State Dept. of Infrastructure (ii) Sate Dept. of Transport	1,200,000 300,000 2,900,000	1,200,000 300,000 3,100,000	40,000 1,140,000 290,000	foreign exp. and 90% of local exp.	of Eligible Expenditures as the Association may determine for each Fiscal		
	Support to KAA					Year		
	(i) Original activities							
	(ii) Emergency activities			17,970,000		100%		
	Support to KCAA	7,600,000	5,000,000			Such percentage of Eligible Expenditures as the Association may determine for each Fiscal Year		
3	Consultants Services Support to KeNHA to Rehabilitate and Improve Roads, roadside facilities, road safety and for Institutional Strengthening	21,000,000	21,000,000	9,040,000	100% of foreign exp. and 90% of local exp.	Such percentage of Eligible Expenditures as the Association may determine		
\vdash	Support to the MoTI and KRB	4 500 000	4.000.000	1 100 000		for each Fiscal		
\vdash	(i)State Dep. of Infrastructure	4,500,000	4,800,000	1,100,000		Year		
\vdash	(ii) State Dept. of Transport	4,800,000	4,800,000	920,000				
\vdash	Support to KAA (i)Original activities	1,700,000	4,900,000					

Table 12: Withdrawal of Proceeds of the Credit

	Category	Amou	nt of Credit All	ocated	% of Expenditures to be financed			
					_	sive of taxes) ¹		
		Original (in SDR	Proposed reallocation	Proposed Additional	Original Credit	Proposed Amended and		
		equivalent)	of the	Credit (US\$		Restated		
			Original (in	equivalent)		Original and		
			SDR			Additional		
			equivalent)	a a a a aaa		Credit		
	(ii) Emergency activities	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,030,000		100%		
	Support to KCAA	1,900,000	1,900,000			Such percentage		
						of Eligible		
						Expenditures as Such percentage		
						of Eligible		
						Expenditures as		
						the Association		
						may determine		
						for each Fiscal		
						Year		
4	Training							
	KeNHA	1,000,000	1,000,000	310,000	100%	100%		
	MoTI and KRB	900,000	900,000	40,000				
	KAA	650,000	650,000					
	KCAA	650,000	650,000					
5	Unallocated							
	KeNHA	6,300,000	3,300,000					
	MoTI – B1	900,000	100,000					
	MoTI – B2		300,000					
	KAA	500,000	200,000					
	KCAA	700,000	400,000					
	Total	190,800,000	190,800,000	203,500,000				

¹*The taxes are not inclusive of the Value Added Taxes payable by the implementing entities.*

Annex 1: Revised Results Framework

KENYA: Transport Sector Support Project - Additional Financing

Proposed Revised Project Development Objective (PDO): The Project Development Objectives are to: (a) increase the efficiency of road transport along the Northern Corridor and the Tanzania-Kenya-Sudan road corridor; (b) enhance aviation safety and security to meet international standards; (c) improve the institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector; (d) restore the capacity of the international passenger terminal destroyed in a fire at JKIA; and (e) strengthen the capacity of KAA in disaster preparedness and responsiveness at Kenyan airports.

PDO Level Results	re		Baseline		C	umulativ	e Target	Values				Data Source/	Responsibility	Description (indicator
Indicators	Core	Unit of Measure	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Frequency	Methodology	for Data Collection	definition etc.)
Indicator One : Reduction in average travel time from Kisumu to Kitale.		Time in hours	5	5	5	5	4.5	4	3	3	Quarterly	Quarterly and Annual progress reports/Field survey	Supervision Consultant/ M&E consultant	
Indicator Two: Reduction in vehicle operating costs on Kisumu – Kitale road.		Cost per km (US\$) for a heavy truck	2	2	2	2	2	1.75	1.5	1.5	Quarterly	Quarterly and Annual progress reports/Field survey	Supervision Consultant/ M&E consultant	
Indicator Three: Direct beneficiaries: (i) Road users per day (of which female)	\boxtimes	Number (thousands) % female	147 40%	147 40%	147 40%	147 40%	149 40%	147 40%	149 40%	149 40%	Quarterly	Quarterly and Annual progress reports/Field survey	Supervision Consultant/ M&E consultant	
(ii) Passengers p.a.(MIA) in million (of which female)		Number (million) % female	1.1 30%	1.1 30%	1.1 30%	1.1 30%	1.1 30%	1.3 30%	1.4 30%	1.5 30%				
Indicator Four: Kenya meets ICAO standards and recommended practices and KCAA cleared for IASA Category 1 safety status		IASA Category ICAO standards	None No	None	None	None	None	None	Yes Yes	Yes Yes	Quarterly	Quarterly progress reports/FAA, TSA and ICAO inspections	KAA/KCAA	

PDO Level Results	re		Baseline		C	Cumulativ	ve Target	t Values				Data Source/	Responsibility	Description (indicator
Indicators	Core	Unit of Measure	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Frequency	Methodology	for Data Collection	definition etc.)
Indicator Five:														
(i)Improved institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector NCA established and functional;		Yes/no	1) No	No	Parti ally	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
(ii) Engineer's Act passed and effective;			2) No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
(iii)Maritime rules and regulations developed and in use;			3) No	No	Parti al	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
(iv) National Transport Safety Authority established and functional			4) No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	Quarterly and Annual progress reports/Field survey	MoR/MoTI/ KMA/UoN	
(v) KCAA restructured			5) No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes				
(vi) Coordination on Maritime Search and Rescue Unit strengthened			6) No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes				
(vii) Regulatory framework for land transport established			7) No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes				
(viii) Search and rescue capability on L. Victoria enhanced			8) No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes				
Indicator Six: Number of road crashes reduced along Kisumu-Kitale corridor*		Percentage reduction (%)	0	0	0	0	0	10	15	20	Annually	KeNHA progress report	M&E Consultant	
Indicator Seven (New): JKIA meets ICAO and TSA aviation security and service level standards.		Yes/No	N/A	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	Quarterly and Annual progress reports/Field	M&E consultant	

PDO) Level Results	re		Baseline		C	Cumulativ	e Target	t Values				Data Source/	Responsibility	Description (indicator
	Indicators	Core	Unit of Measure	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Frequency	Methodology	for Data Collection	definition etc.)
													survey		
		I	INTERMEDIA	TE RESULTS	s					1					
			Component A): Im d sections along the Corridor an	Tanzania-Ke											
	<i>ate Result indicator</i> ds rehabilitated l)	\boxtimes	Km	0.0	0.0	50.0	75	100	147	200	200	Annually	KeNHA progress report	M&E consultant	
	<i>tate Result indicator</i> ds constructed (non-		Km	0.0	0.0	0.0	5	10	20	25	31	Annually	KeNHA progress report	M&E consultant	
Three: R and fair c percentag classified project ar Northern – Malaba Tanzania- Corridor (894 km ir 1)Norther	n Corridor nya-Sudan		Cumulative Percentage (%) 1) 2)	60.0 5.0	60.0 5.0	60.0 5.0	65.0 5.0	75.0 5.0	80.0 10.0	80.0 21.0	80.0 21.0	Annually	KeNHA progress report	M&E consultant	
	Intermediate Resul		omponent B): Man cal construction and			improve	d in the								
One: Dra ERB pres	ate Result indicator ft Bill for NCA and ented to parliament, and regulation for veloped		yes/no	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	MoR	MoR	
Two: Fea	<i>ate Result indicator</i> sibility and ng designs studies		Number (7) of design studies of road sections	No	No	No	No	2	4	5	7	Quarterly	KeNHA	KeNHA	

PDO Level Results	re		Baseline		C	Cumulativ	e Target	Values				Data Source/	Responsibility	Description (indicator
Indicators	Core	Unit of Measure	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Frequency	Methodology	for Data Collection	definition etc.)
completed to acceptable standards and covering 1,150 km		cumulative												
Intermediate Result indicator Three: Studies on impact and roles of (new) institutions completed		Number (3) of Study reports cumulative	No	No	1	2	2	2	2	2	Quarterly	MoR/KRB	MoR/KRB	Studies on the impact of new constitution on KURA, KeRRA and role of KRB; inventory of unclassified roads; and the roles of MTD, Materials Department and KIHBT completed to acceptable standards
Intermediate Result indicator Four: Marking the boundaries for Right of Way and secure KeNHA's road assets (Class A roads) -3,500 km completed		Yes/No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	MoTI/KRB	MoTI/KRB	
Navigational charts for Kenyan Coast developed to acceptable international standards and in use		Yes/No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	MoTI/KMA	MoTI/KMA	
Air accident investigation hangar constructed, equipped and staff trained		Yes/No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	MoTI	MoTI	
Intermediate Result upgrade at Moi Inte	erna	tional Airport and	restore the op	erational pa	ssenger	capacity								
Intermediate Result indicator One: Area on the runway, aprons and taxiways		Disaster manage Cumulative Percentage (%)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15	50	100	100	Quarterly	KAA	KAA	

PDO Level Results	Core		Baseline		С	umulativ	e Target	Values				Data Source/	Responsibility	Description (indicator
Indicators	Co	Unit of Measure	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Frequency	Methodology	for Data Collection	definition etc.)
completed to international														
standards			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25	<i>(</i> 7	100	100		77.4.4	T7 A A	
Intermediate Result indicator		Cumulative	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25	65	100	100	Quarterly	KAA	KAA	
<i>Two</i> : Electrical cabling for power supply and lighting		Percentage (%)												
system at MIA completed and														
power supply to MIA secured														
Intermediate Result indicator		Yes/No	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	Quarterly and	Supervision	
<i>Three (New):</i> Passenger		105/110	14/21	11/21	11/21	105	105	105	105	105	Quarterry	Annual	Consultant/	
terminal capacity restored by												progress	M&E	
installation of prefabricated												reports/Field	consultant	
facilities												survey		
Intermediate Result indicator		Yes/No	N/A	N/A	N/A	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Quarterly	Quarterly and	Supervision	
Four(New): construction of											-	Annual	Consultant/	
arrivals facility constructed												progress	M&E	
and service in the Terminal 4												reports/Field	consultant	
												survey		
Intermediate Result indicator		Number					50	100	100	1003	Quarterly	Quarterly and	Supervision	
Five (New): Number of		% female					30%	30%	30%	0%		Annual	Consultant/	
Kenyan airport personnel												progress	M&E	
trained in disaster												reports/Field	consultant	
preparedness and												survey		
responsiveness strengthened. Intermediate Result indicator		Yes/no	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Owenterley	КАА	KAA	
Six (New): Disaster		I es/no	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	res	res	res	res	res	Quarterly	NAA	NAA	
preparedness and response														
system developed and in use														
	esult	t (Component D): In	mproved oner	l ating canaci	ty of KC	CAA	1		8	8		1	I	
Intermediate Result indicator		Number	1)None	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	Annually	KCAA	KCAA	
One: Aviation Safety		(consultants)	1 /1 /01/0	5	1	-	-	-			2 minutiny			
Inspectors in compliance with		(constraints)												
ICAO standards and IASA		Number (KCAA	2) None	10	20	38	38	38	5	5				
category 1 safety status		recruited staff)	,	-				-						
Intermediate Result indicator		Cumulative	0.0	0.0	0.0	55	80	100	100	100	Quarterly	КСАА	KCAA	
Two: Construction of KCAA		Percentage (%)												
Office block														

Annex 2: Operational Risk Assessment Framework (ORAF) Kenya: Transport Sector Support Project - Additional Financing (P146630)

Project Stakeholder Risks										
Stakeholder Risk	Rating	Low								
Risk Description:	Risk Mana	agement:								
Local communities doubtful that the road sections will be improved, given similar promises in the past by GoK and may not cooperate before actual construction commences and progress recorded.		r consultations	held, and a commu stakeholders is und							
	beneficiary recorded so	communities a far, the comm	ontracts awarded and are pleasantly surpri- unities overwhelmi October 2014.	ised of the pro	gress. Due to t	the progress				
	Resp:	Status:	Stage:	Recurrent:	Due Date:	Frequency:				
	Client	Delayed	Implementation							
Implementing Agency (IA) Risks (including Fiduciary	v Risks)									
Capacity	Rating	Moderate								
Risk Description:	Risk Mana	agement:								
Kisk Malagement.KeNHA, KAA, KCAA, MoTI are implementing a US\$1billion IDA-financed project currently. KCAA staff will require capacity building in managing a civil works contract, while MoR and MoT in the use of ICT. KeNHA will require further capacity enhancement in MIS.The project supports further capacity building with emphasis on accountability, MIS and public reporting.The project supports further capacity building in managing a civil works contract, while MoR and MoT in the use of ICT. KeNHA will require further capacity enhancement in MIS.The functions under the former MoR and MoT have been merged under a new MoTI thereby reducing the number of the implementing agencies. Meanwhile KCAA has co- opted additional technical staff in its team with skills in managing civil works contracts										
There is an unanticipated financing gap and the GoK has requested Additional Financing. Failure to fill the financing gap fully will slow down implementation and	activities under the project.									

increase the project costs.	The proportion of counterpart funding for the project is relatively high. This has been a challenge to the GoK during FY14 in raising the full amount given the enormous demand on the available resources needed to implement a new devolved system of Government. The Additional Financing will help in reducing the financial burden to the GoK. Status: Project staff have been trained. The GoK provided sufficient counterpart funding during FY2012 but is experiencing challenges as most of its resources have been reallocated towards financing the implementation of the requirements under the new Constitution including devolving functions to 47 counties (originally held by the central Government), shortfall in revenue collection and the March 2013 General Elections.										
	Resp:	Status:	Stage:	Recurrent:	Due Date:	Frequency:					
	Client	In Progress	Implementation								
Governance	Rating	Moderate	•								
Risk Description:	Risk Mana	agement:									
KeNHA is new, and has taken over a large portfolio of projects from MoR. The transition period poses a challenge, for KeNHA is not only put systems in place but also manage this large portfolio of projects at the same time	including V particularly provide over resolve any	Vorld Bank und in areas to enhersight and stra	a strategic plan with ler NCTIP. This pro- nance the MIS. The tegic guidance to th articularly of a polic roject.	oject will prov Project Over e implementa	vide further sup sight Committe tion of the proj	port ee will steer, ject, and					
	Status: KeNHA has managed the transition well. Overall, the implementation of the project is on track. KeNHA continue to strengthen its internal systems. For instance, the migration from a manual accounting to computerized accounting systems. In additional KeNHA has identified a pool of experts on call, as appropriate, to complement it capacity, whose services will be financed under the project.										
	Resp:	Status:	Stage:	Recurrent:	Due Date:	Frequency:					
	Client	In Progress	Implementation	✓							

	Risk Mana	agement:						
	-use post-q -intensify H	ualification cri Bank supervisionally recognize	iligence measures d teria; and on including third pa d consultants will su	arty monitorin	g of constructi	on progress.		
	Status: A number risk mitigation measures were adopted including (a) use of post qualification criteria instead of pre-qualification has increased competition (KeNHA obtained respectively 9, 11 and 11 bids for Kisumu-Kakamega; Kakamega-Webuye and Webuye- Kitale road sections, with lowest bid prices being lower than the Engineer's estimates); and (b) the bid evaluation reports were subjected to an independent review by a Procurement Specialist. The contracts have been awarded and contractors mobilized. The remaining contract will be subjected to similar review processes.							
	Resp:	Status:	Stage:	Recurrent:	Due Date:	Frequency:		
			Implementation					
Project Risks								
Design	Rating	Low						
Risk Description:	Risk Mana	agement:						
The number of diverse implementing agencies 4 (originally 5) and the large number of different sub- components (about 30) pose a special coordination and implementation risk that could delay project completion and impose additional costs.	The implementing agencies have experience in managing Bank funded projects (currently implementing US\$ 1 billion project with IDA financing). Strengthen project management and coordination through local technical assistance; ensure regular follow up of recommendations of an independent M & E entity, and extensive supervision and implementation support by the Bank.							

	Resp:	Status:	Stage:	Recurrent:	Due Date:	Frequency:			
	Client		Implementation						
Social and Environmental	Rating Moderate								
Risk Description:	Risk Management:								
Execution of land acquisition, compensation payments, and ensuring adequate measures to mitigate environmental impacts are in place.	manageme	nt plan and any	ave taken place in p new land or proper with the applicable	rty being acqu	ired is done by				
	Status: Execution of the EIAs/RAPs is satisfactory for the contracts with NEMA having issued the licenses required to the contractors.								
	Resp:	Status:	Stage:	Recurrent:	Due Date:	Frequency:			
	Client		Implementation						
Program and Donor	Rating	Low	•	•		-			
Risk Description:	Risk Mana	agement:							
GoK runs short of funds due to implementing a devolved system and change in priorities of a new government following the March 2013 elections.	challenge i	n raising count	priority of the new erpart funding in fu ired to implement a	ll given it is re	elatively high	amidst			
	Status: The proposed Additional Financing will cover most of the eligible expenditures thereby reducing the GoK's contribution hence mitigating the risk.								
	Resp:	Status:	Stage:	Recurrent:	Due Date:	Frequency:			
	Client		Implementation						
Delivery Monitoring and Sustainability	Rating	Low	•						
Risk Description:	Risk Management:								
Poor M&E system leads to delays in timely actions to rectify deficiencies.	Strengthen M&E capacity within KeNHA, KAA and KCAA, at the same time as an external agent (a public University) is used to complement the M&E effort.								

The financing gap is not filled fully.	Status: The University of Nairobi has been selected as the M&E consultant. In the meantime, the GoK has requested for an Additional Financing to fill the unanticipated financing gap.							
	Resp:Status:Stage:Recurrent:Due Date:Frequ							
	Client		Implementation					
Overall Risk								
Overall Implementation Risk:	Rating	High						
Risk Description:								
Many of the sources of risk identified, including those associated with client capacity and social and environmental issues, are low or moderate. However there continues to be pressure to contain public spending, and in some cases as a result it has proved difficult to fully finance development programs with large capital outlays, such as transport infrastructure. Hence the overall risk rating is high. This risk is mitigated in part by the additional resources which this credit provides to ensure key activities are fully funded.								

Annex 3: Status of the Implementation of Key Reforms in the Transport Sector

Policy Reforms/Commitments	Status in 2014
1. Enactment of a new road subsector	Achieved. High priority placed on maintenance of existing
policy.	road network.
2. Establishment of three autonomous	Achieved. However, the roles of KURA and KeRRA need
road authorities (KeNHA, KURA, and	to be clarified further in light of the new constitution, under
KeRRA) for managing national, urban	which power is devolved to 47 counties.
and rural roads.	which power is devolved to 47 counties.
3. Strengthening Kenya Roads Board	Achieved. Under the Kenya Roads Act 2007. The Road
capacity to manage the road maintenance	Fund in FY13 collected about US\$300 million, distributed
fund (Road Fund).	as provided by the Roads Act 2007.
4. Public dissemination of overall road	Achieved. This has improved accountability and
programs and opportunities in the road	transparency and public perception of the sector.
sub-sector.	Information is available on the websites of transport sector
sub-sector.	institutions.
5. Adoption of post-qualification to help	Achieved. Post-qualification was adopted, resulting in
prevent collusion.	competitive bids slightly below estimates for works
prevent condition.	contracts.
6. Truck Overloading and Control – lack	Achieved partially. Operation and management of three
of enforcement and corruption.	weigh stations contracted out to the private sector; use of
or enforcement and corruption.	four-axle trucks configuration is banned; and penalties for
	overloading increased.
7. Maintenance manuals developed.	Ongoing. JICA is providing implementation support.
8. Re-classification of the road network;	Exercised completed. Road network size and condition are
road inventory and condition survey	now known, and classification of the unclassified network is
completed.	completed and is awaiting Ministerial approval and
completed.	adoption.
9. Road contractors form a Roads and	Achieved. RACECA formed and operational as a self-
Civil Engineering Contractors	regulating oversight body to dialogue with Government on
Association (RACECA)	matters related to construction.
10. KAA is autonomous, retains	Substantially achieved. This has improved financial and
revenues, takes responsibility for security	operational performance, airport security has improved;
management, and seeks private financing	JKIA cargo facilities and ground handling services are
for capital investment.	financed and developed by the private sector.
11. KCAA is autonomous, retains	Achieved partially. KCAA capacity enhanced to develop
revenues and managed by an independent	aviation safety regulations and inspections materials, a
Board of directors.	registry of aviation personnel and aircraft established. With
	the internal restructuring involving the improvement of
	terms and conditions of service, KCAA has been able to
	attract some key skilled flight safety operational personnel
	complemented by consultants. The process of separating
	regulation of air navigation from its air traffic control
	services is underway (see item 15 below).
12. Complete the preparation of a Road	Achieved. The RSIP 2010-24 was prepared and presented to
Sector Investment Program (RSIP), with	stakeholders and approved by MoR and the National
appropriate priorities.	Treasury and made public.
13. Establish the National Construction	Achieved. Parliament approved and the President assented

KENYA: Transport Sector Support Project- Additional Financing

Policy Reforms/Commitments	Status in 2014
Authority (NCA)	to the legislation establishing the NCA. The NCA is now
	operational with the mandate of registering contractors,
	monitoring their performance and publishing names of poor
	performers.
14. Strengthening of the Engineers'	Achieved. Parliament approved and the President assented
Registration Board (ERB)	to the legislation on strengthening of the (ERB) now,
	Engineers Board of Kenya with an expanded mandate to
	register professionals and engineering firms, assess their
	qualities, monitor their performance, and exercise rights to
	sanction poor performance or unethical behavior and
	approval of engineering degree programs.
15. Internal restructuring KCAA by	Achieved partially. The KCAA Board of Directors
December 31, 2012 and eventual	approved and management executed internal restructuring
separation of its service provision from	resulting in improvement of remuneration of the technical
its oversight function by December 31,	staff approved by GoK. KCAA has subsequently been able
2014	to attract the required technical staff. A consultant selected
	to assist in the separation of service provision from the
	oversight function. The revised date for eventual separation
	is December 31, 2015.
16. Operationalize Kenya Maritime	Achieved. The KMA established and operational with the
Authority (KMA).	mandate to coordinate, regulate and oversee maritime
	affairs. The project is supporting its strengthening.
17. Approval of the integrated national	Achieved. Approved by Parliament and adopted.
transport policy	To more the second with the second se
18. Redefine the roles of KURA, KeRRA	In progress. With devolution of power to county
and KRB under the new constitution.	governments, the ownership and management of roads other
	than national highways needs to be redefined. MoTI has
	examined various options and recommended a preferred
	option for parliamentary discussion and endorsement before implementation.
19. Revision of road design manuals	In progress. Drafts prepared with the support from the
17. Kevision of toau design manuals	European Union. MoTI is reviewing them before they are
	finalized and adopted.

Annex 4: Revised Project Costs and Financing Plan (US\$ million)

KENYA: Transport Sector Support Project- Additional Financing

	Orig	inal	Cos	sts	Add.	Revised Financing Plan				
Component	Category	IDA	Appraisal	Revised	Credit	IDA	GoK	AFD*		
A. Support to KeNHA to Rehab & Improve Roads, roadside facilities, road safety and Inst. Strengthening.										
1(a). Rehabilitation of Kisumu-Kakamega (47km of which 10 km is dual) <i>and expanded scope of interchanges at A1/C34 and A1/C39 and a new interchange at Majengo¹</i>	Works	46.09	61.45	66.38	20.29	66.38	0.00	0.00		
(b). Dual carriageway start of A1 in Kisumu to Mamboleo (<i>New</i>)		0.00	0.00	13.50	13.50	13.50	0.00	0.00		
2. Rehabilitation of Kakamega-Webuye (40km) ²	Works	25.95	34.60	38.37	12.42	38.37	0.00	0.00		
3. Rehabilitation of Webuye-Kitale (60km) ³	Works	35.25	47.00	51.51	16.26	51.51	0.00	0.00		
4. Construct Athi-River-Machakos Turnoff (21km)	Works	21.75	29.00	31.00	9.25	31.00	0.00	0.00		
5. Rehab. of Maji ya Chumvi - Bachuma Gate (53km)	Works	37.50	50.00	50.44	12.94	50.44	0.00	0.00		
6. Construct access roads to the proposed KCAA Headquarters, KeNHA & road sector institutions and EASA (<i>New</i>)	Works	0.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	0.00		
7. Construction of Interchanges										
(a) Nakuru-Njoro Turnoff; Nakuru-Nyahururu turnoff; and Mau Summit-Kericho turnoff (<i>expanded scope</i>)	Works	11.25	15.00	31.00	19.75	31.00	0.00	0.00		
(b) Ahero-Kisii Turnoff	Works	3.75	5.00	10.00	6.25	10.00	0.00	0.00		
8. Construct HQ Complex for KeNHA and other road institutions	Works	11.25	15.00	18.00	6.75	18.00	0.00	0.00		
9. Roadside amenities and Road safety	Works	7.95	10.60	10.60	2.65	10.60	0.00	0.00		
10. Implementation of the Resettlement Action Plan, Relocation of Services and Land Acquisition		0.00	0.00	20.00	0.00	0.00	20.00	0.00		
Sub total (Works)		200.74	267.65	343.80	123.06	323.80	20.00	0.00		
11. Feasibility and detailed designs of Kisumu- Kakamega-Webuye-Kitale road	Cons	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00		
12. Supervision of works										
(a) Kisumu-Webuye-Kitale (147km)	Cons	6.86	7.00	10.50	3.64	10.50	0.00	0.00		
(b) Athi-River-Machakos Turnoff (21km)	Cons	1.47	1.50	2.50	1.03	2.50	0.00	0.00		
(c) Maji ya Chumvi - Bachuma Gate (53km)	Cons	2.45	2.50	3.00	0.55	3.00	0.00	0.00		
(d) Interchanges (No. 4)	Cons	1.18	1.20	1.80	0.62	1.80	0.00	0.00		
(e) Supervision of the construction of access roads to KCAA Hq., road sector institutions and EASA (<i>New</i>)	Cons	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.46	0.46	0.00	0.00		
(f) Supervision of Construction of HQ complex for KeNHA and other road institutions	Cons	0.98	1.00	1.50	0.52	1.50	0.00	0.00		

	Origi	inal	Cos	sts	Add.	Revised	l Financin	g Plan
Component	Category	IDA	Appraisal	Revised	Credit	IDA	GoK	AFD*
 13. Feasibility and Design Studies and TA (a) Isebania-Kisii-Ahero (b) Nakuru-Nyahururu-Nyeri (c) Mombasa Northern Bypass (d) Lake Victoria Ring Road (e) Nakuru-Loruk-Marich Pass (f) Kisian Busia (g) Mapping of entire Northern Corridor from Msa - Malaba and formulation of bid documents for concessioning of selected sections (h) Malindi-Madogo-Garissa 	Cons	14.70	15.00	15.00	0.30	15.00	0.00	0.00
14. Institutional strengthening/TA - Strengthening the capacity of KeNHA and related road sub-sector institutions	Cons	4.90	5.00	5.00	0.10	5.00	0.00	0.00
15. Marking boundaries of RoW and Securing KeNHA's road assets	Cons	1.18	1.20	3.00	1.82	3.00	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Consultancy Services)		33.72	34.40	47.76	9.04	42.76	5.00	0.00
16. Purchase of equipment, goods and vehicles	Goods	1.96	2.00	2.00	0.04	2.00	0.00	0.00
 17. Capacity building and Training of staff in ⁴ (a) KeNHA 	Trainin g/Goods	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.00	1.50	0.00	0.00
(b) External Resources Department (ERD) and		0.00	0.00	0.56	0.11	0.56	0.00	0.00
(c) The State Law Office		0.00	0.00	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Training)		1.50	1.50	2.26	0.31	2.26	0.00	0.00
18. Operating costs	Ор	0.00	1.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	0.00
Total - Component A: Support to KeNHA		237.91	306.55	400.82	132.46	370.82	30.00	0.00
B Support to the Ministry of Transport and Infras	tructure (M	oTI) and I	Kenya Road	s Board (K	RB)			
Support to the State Department of Infrastructure								
1.Support to the MoTI on its reallignment with new constitution	Cons	1.96	2.00	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
2. Support to EBK	Cons	0.49	0.50	0.25	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00
3. Support to NCA	Cons	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
4. Inventory of unclassified roads (KRB)	Cons	2.94	3.00	4.00	1.06	4.00	0.00	0.00
5. Project monitoring/TA and sector coordination [MoTI(I)]	Cons	2.16	2.20	2.20	0.04	2.20	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Consultancy Services)		7.55	7.70	7.45	1.10	7.45	0.00	0.00
6. Provision of equipment to the state dept. of Infrastructure	Goods	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00
7 Provision of equipment to NCA	Goods	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
8. Provision of equipment to EBK	Goods	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00
9. Provision of equipment to Materials dept and KIHBIT	Goods	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.14	0.60	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Goods)		0.00	0.00	2.35	1.14	2.35	0.00	0.00
10. Training and capacity building [KRB, MoTI (I)]	Trainin	0.50	0.50	0.60	0.04	0.60	0.00	0.00

	Orig	inal	Co	osts	Add.	Revised Financing Plan		
Component	Category	IDA	Appraisal	Revised	Credit	IDA	GoK	AFD*
	g			•				
11. Operating costs [MoTI(I)]	Ор	0.00	0.20	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00
Sub total for State Dept. of Infrastructure		8.05	8.40	10.70	2.28	10.40	0.30	0.00
Support to the State Department of Transport								
12. Technical Assistance to support implementation of National Integrated Transport Sector Policy, including: (a) Setting up of the National Road Transport and Safety Authority and support for the National Road Safety Program; (b) setting up of Nairobi Metropolitan Transport Authority; (c) establishing the legal and regulatory framework for Land Transport; and (d) strengthening KMA's capacity in coordinating maritime search and rescue. 5	Cons	1.96	2.00	1.46	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00
13. Transport sector studies, including, among others, (a) the development of an urban transport sector strategy; and (b) development of integrated maritime policy $(\$0.5m)^6$	Cons	1.96	2.00	1.46	0.00	1.46	0.00	0.00
14. Development of Navigation Charts for Kenya's Coastline (KMA)	Cons	1.96	2.00	2.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
15. Supervision of works (Hangar)	Cons	0.69	0.70	0.82	0.00	0.82	0.00	0.00
16. Strengthening maritime oversight function- TA (KMA)	Cons	0.47	0.48	0.48	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.00
17. Training staff for Marine Training at Kisumu	Cons	0.47	0.48	0.70	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00
18. Assess, design and supervising repairs of MV Reli vessel for the Marine Training Institute at Kisumu	Cons	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.92	1.00	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Consultancy Services)		7.51	7.66	7.92	0.92	7.92	0.00	0.00
19. Strengthening maritime oversight function (KMA)	Goods	1.00	1.02	1.02	0.02	1.02	0.00	0.00
20. Development of search and rescue capability at Lake Victoria, other inland waters and along the Coast	Goods	1.96	2.00	2.00	0.04	2.00	0.00	0.00
21. Equipment for hangar and others	Goods	1.27	1.30	2.00	0.23	2.00	0.00	0.00
22. Provision of equipment to Marine Training Institute at Kisumu	Goods	1.00	1.02	0.39	0.00	0.39	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Goods)	1	5.23	5.34	5.41	0.29	5.41	0.00	0.00
23. Expansion and renovation of the existing marine training facilities and repairs of MV Reli at Kisumu	Works	0.38	0.50	2.71	1.72	2.71	0.00	0.00
24. Strengthen Air Accident Investigation Capacity (Construct Hangar and fence)	Works	3.45	4.60	4.60	1.15	4.60	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Works)		3.83	5.10	7.31	2.87	7.31	0.00	0.00
25. Training and capacity building [MoTI(T)] including Air Accident Investigations Dept	Train	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.00	0.90	0.00	0.00

	Orig	inal	Co	osts	Add. Rev		vised Financing Plan		
Component	Category	IDA	Appraisal	Revised	Credit	IDA	GoK	AFD*	
26. Operating Costs [MoTI(T)]	Ор	0.00	0.10	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.00	
Sub total - State Department of Transport		17.47	19.10	21.84	4.08	21.54	0.30	0.00	
Total Component B - Support to MoTI and KRB		25.51	27.50	32.54	6.36	31.94	0.60	0.00	
C. Support to the Kenya Airports Authority									
C 1: Support to Major Airports									
1. Rehabilitation of runway at Moi International	Works	11.10	56.00	70.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	65.00	
Airport including Airfield Ground Lighting,&									
Remediation of sink holes									
2. Power supply up-grade Moi Inter. Airport	Works	0.00	12.00	6.56	0.00	6.56	0.00	0.00	
Mombasa		0.00	7 00	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	
3. Augment Water supply to JKIA	Works	0.00	5.00	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	
4. Augment water supply to MIA	Works	0.00	2.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	
Sub total (Works)		11.10	75.00	79.56	0.00	6.56	8.00	65.00	
5. Feasibility study and detailed design of rehabilitation of the runway at MIA	Cons	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	
6. Update of design and bidding documents for airside pavements rehabilitation at MIA	Cons	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	
7. Design and supervision of power upgrade for MIA	Cons	0.00	0.00	1.70	0.00	1.70	0.00	0.00	
8. Supervision of rehabilitation of runway and remediation of sink holes at MIA	Cons	2.94	3.00	5.24	0.00	5.24	0.00	0.00	
9. Design for Remediation of sink holes at MIA	Cons	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	
10. Supervision of installation of Baggage Handling system at JKIA	Cons	0.00	1.48	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
11. Design & supervision of water supply & reticulation at JKIA and MIA	Cons	0.00	0.54	0.54	0.00	0.54	0.00	0.00	
Sub total (Consultancy Services)		2.94	5.02	10.08	0.00	7.48	2.60	0.00	
12. Baggage Handling System at JKIA ⁷	Goods	0.00	37.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
13. Strengthening Environmental management at Kenya Airports (Solid waste management)	Works/ Goods	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
Sub total (Goods)		0.00	37.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	
14. Training and capacity building	Trainin g	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	
15. Operating costs (Original)	Ор	0.00	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	
Sub total for Activities under Original Credit		15.04	118.52	92.14	0.00	15.04	11.10	66.00	
C 2: Emergency Activities at JKIA (New - under Add	ditional Fin	ancing)							
16. Supply & install Baggage Handling System (BHS) at the Parking Garage	Goods	0.00	0.00	3.47	3.47	3.47	0.00	0.00	
17. Supply & install BHS and Assorted Equipment for Arrival Facility Next to T3 and arrival at T4	Goods	0.00	0.00	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.00	0.00	

	Origi	inal	Cos	sts	Add.	Revised Financing Plan		
Component	Category	IDA	Appraisal	Revised	Credit	IDA	GoK	AFD*
18. Supply & install Integrated Security Management System for Arrival Next to T3	Goods	0.00	0.00	1.50	1.50	1.50	0.00	0.00
19. Supply of Airside Buses	Goods	0.00	0.00	2.10	2.10	2.10	0.00	0.00
20. Supply of Mobile Weather Proof Steps	Goods	0.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21. Supply of Fire Tenders (Airside)	Goods	0.00	0.00	2.70	2.70	2.70	0.00	0.00
22. Supply of Disaster Management & Emergency Response Equipment	Goods	0.00	0.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Goods)		0.00	0.00	17.97	17.97	17.97	0.00	0.00
23. Design, Supply and Installing of pre-fabricated(a) Level 1 Departure and Transit Lounge at T3; and(c) Arrival facility next to T3 and other relatedservices	Works	0.00	0.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	0.00	0.00
24. Construction of a permanent Arrivals Facility to serve T4	Works	0.00	0.00	26.00	20.00	20.00	6.00	0.00
25. Strengthening Environmental management capacity (Solid waste management)	Works/ Goods	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
26. Immediate temporary Activities for restoration of operations at JKIA	Works/ Goods	0.00	0.00	15.00	0.00	0.00	15.00	0.00
Sub total (Works)		0.00	0.00	64.00	43.00	43.00	21.00	0.00
27. Consultancy services for Conducting an Assessment to determine measures of enhancing Disaster Management ⁸	Cons	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
28. Consultancy services for Supervision of pre- fabricated installations (works)	Cons	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
29. Consultancy services for Assessing Structural integrity of T1 and Arrivals Building	Cons	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Consultancy Services)		0.00	0.00	2.03	2.03	2.03	0.00	0.00
30. Operating costs [Additional Financing -(AF)]	Ор	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
Sub total for Emergency Activities at JKIA (New)		0.00	0.00	84.50	63.00	63.00	21.50	0.00
Total for component C (Original & AF) - KAA		15.04	118.52	176.64	63.00	78.04	32.60	66.00
D. Support to the Kenya Civil Aviation Authority								
1. Construction of an Office Block to House the Headquarters of KCAA	Works	4.50	6.00	10.50	0.84	10.50	0.00	0.00
2. Rehabilitation of the Examination Center (Restructured)	Works	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Works)		4.50	6.00	10.65	0.84	10.65	0.00	0.00
3. TA for aviation safety and security oversight	Cons	2.74	2.80	1.84	0.00	1.84	0.00	0.00
4. Construction Supervision of KCAA Headquarters	Cons	0.49	0.50	1.00	0.51	1.00	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Consultancy Services)		3.23	3.30	2.84	0.51	2.84	0.00	0.00
5. Equipment for upgrading Air Navigation systems	Goods	11.56	11.80	6.40	0.00	6.40	0.00	0.00

	Orig	Original		Costs		Revised	Revised Financing Plan	
Component	Category	IDA	Appraisal	Revised	Credit	IDA	GoK	AFD*
6. ICT upgrade	Goods	0.75	0.77	1.00	0.25	1.00	0.00	0.00
7. Equipment to enhance Aviation Safety and Security	Goods	0.00	0.00	0.81	0.06	0.81	0.00	0.00
Sub total (Goods)		12.32	12.57	8.21	0.31	8.21	0.00	0.00
8. Training and capacity building (KCAA)	Trainin g	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
9. Operating costs	Ор	0.00	0.20	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
Total for component D - KCAA		21.05	23.07	23.20	1.66	22.70	0.50	0.00
Grand Total Components (A, B, C, D)		299.51	475.64	633.20	203.50	503.50	63.70	66.00

* AFD has confirmed providing US\$66 million instead of US\$97.54 million as was envisaged at appraisal

**IDA funds reallocated among the original activities

Notes

1. Kisumu-Kakamega road section - the scope of works for road section A1/B1 to A1/C34 junction (4.5km) expanded to four lanes, scope of interchanges at A1/C34 and A1/C39 junctions expanded and a new interchange at Majengo township to improve road safety

2. Kakamega-Webuye road section - the scope of works on the interchange at Kaburengu A1/A104 expanded to improve road safety

3. Webuye-Kitale road section- the scope of works on the interchanges at Webuye A1/A104 and Kitale A1/B2 expanded to improve road safety
4. Allocation on training for KeNHA included ERD and the State Law Office, which was originally allocated under MoTI, State Dept. Of

infrastructure

5. Setting up the Maritime Search and Rescue Unit is replaced with strengthening KMA's capacity in coordinating maritime search and rescue 6. The study on the development of air transport services at County and regional levels, including a network of viable air strips; and PPP in management of the port of Kisumu will be funded under Infrastructure Finance Public Private Partnership Project

7. Part of the financing of the supply and installation of the Baggage Handling System is included under the NCTIP as well as the Emergency activities at JKIA

8. The EIB will finance consultancy services contract on conducting an assessment to determine measures on enhancing disaster management capacity while US\$3 million from the additional credit will support implementing part of the recommendations.

Annex 5: Procurement Plan for Outstanding Activities

Kenya Transport Sector Support Project (KTSSP) – Additional Financing

KeNHA PROCUREMENT PLAN FOR THE FIRST 18 MONTHS

I GENERAL

- Project information: Country: Kenya Borrower: Republic of Kenya Project Name: Kenya Transport Sector Support Project (KTSSP) Project ID: P146630
- 2. Bank's approval date of the Procurement Plan: February 27, 2014
- 3. Date of General Procurement Notice: DG Market 24th September 2010.

II WORKS

1. Prior Review Thresholds

No.	Procurement Method	Threshold for Procurement Method (US\$)	Prior Review (US\$)
1	ICB	≥ 5,000,000	All
2	LIB	All values	All
3	NCB	< 5,000,000 >100,000	None
4	Direct Contracting	<100,000	All
5	Shopping	< 100,000	None

Note:

- *ICB* = *International Competitive Bidding*
- *LIB* = *Limited International Bidding*
- *NCB* = *National Competitive Bidding*
- 2. Postqualification of bidders: Post-qualification will be carried out for all civil works contracts unless specified otherwise.
- 3. Framework agreements: The use of Framework Agreements will apply. The type and cost of works will be defined and agreed between the Borrower and IDA prior to their inclusion in the procurement plan.
- 4. Public Private Partnership Arrangements: Procurement under Public Private Partnership Arrangements will apply in accordance with procedures which have been found to be acceptable to the Association.
- 5. Procurement Packages with Methods and Time Schedule

Ref. No.	Contract (Description)	Esti mat ed Cost US \$ milli on	Proc. Method	Pre or Post qualif.	Domestic Preferenc e (yes/no)		Expected Bid- Opening Date
	A (REHABILITATIO					,	IDE
FACI	LITIES AND ROAD S	AFETY	(): IMPLE	EMENTEL	D BY KeNH	A	
1	Expansion of the Kisumu – Kakamega road section from A1/B1 junction to A1/C34 junction	13.5	ICB	Post	Yes	Prior	Jun 2014
2	Construction of access roads to the proposed headquarters for KCAA, KeNHA and others, and EASA	3	NCB	Post	Yes	Post	Aug 2014

III GOODS AND NON CONSULTING SERVICES

Not applicable to additional financing

IV SELECTION OF CONSULTANTS

1. Prior Review Thresholds

	Selection Method	Threshold for Proc. Method (US\$)	Prior Review
1	Quality and cost based selection (QCBS) (Firms)	No limit	≥200,000
2	Least Cost Selection (LCS)	No limit	≥200,000
3	Fixed Budget Selection (FBS)	No limit	≥200,000
4	Quality Based Selection (QBS)	No limit	≥200,000
5	Consultants qualification (CQS)	≤300,000	\geq 200,000
6	Single Source Selection (SSS - Firms)	No limit	All
7	Single Source Selection (SSS – Individual)	No limit	All
8	Individual Consultant (IC)	No limit	All

Note :

QCBS =	Quality and Cost Based Selection.
LCS =	Least Cost Selection
CQS =	Consultant Qualification Selection
FB =	Fixed Budget Selection
SSS =	Single Source Selection
IC =	Individual Consultant

- 2. Short list comprising entirely of national consultants: Short list of consultants for services, estimated to cost less than \$200,000.00 equivalent per contract, may comprise entirely of national consultants in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2.7 of the Consultant Guidelines.
- 3. Public Private Partnerships: Procurement under PPPs will apply for activities related to the provision of transport infrastructure and services. The cost for such services will be defined and agreed between the Borrower and IDA prior to their inclusion in the updated procurement plan.
- 4. Indefinite Delivery Contracts or Price Agreements: The services for which contracts will apply will be defined and agreed between the Borrower and IDA prior to their inclusion in the updated procurement plan.
- 5. Procurement Packages with Methods and Time Schedule

Ref. No.	Description of Assignment	Estimated Cost US \$ million	Selection Method	Review by Bank (Prior / Post)	Expected Proposals Submission Date
	PART A (REHABILITATION AND IMPROVEMENT OF ROADS, ROADSIDE FACILITIES, ROAD SAFETY AND INSTITUTIONAL STRENGHTENING): IMPLEMENTED BY KeNHA				
1	Consultant services for design and supervision of access roads to the proposed headquarters for KCAA, KeNHA and others, and EASA	0.3	QCBS	Prior	Apr 2014

PROCUREMENT PLAN FOR THE FIRST 18 MONTHS COVERING CONTRACTS UNDER (Emergency Activities at JKIA)

I. GENERAL

1. **Project information**:

Country:	Kenya
Borrower:	Republic of Kenya
Project Name:	Kenya Transport Sector Support Project (KTSSP): Additional
	Financing under Emergency Operations
ID	P146630
PIA:	Kenya Airports Authority

- 2. Bank's approval Date of the procurement Plan: February 27, 2014
- 3. Date of General Procurement Notice: October 8, 2013

I. Goods and non-Consulting Services

1. Prior Review Thresholds:

No.	Procurement Method	Threshold for Procurement Method (US\$)	Prior Review (US\$)
1.	ICB	≥ 3,000,000	All
2.	LIB	All values	All
3.	NCB	< 3,000,000	None
4.	Direct Contracting	All Values	All
5	Shopping	< 100,000	None

Note:

ICB = International Competitive Bidding

LIB = Limited Competitive Bidding

NCB = National Competitive Bidding

- 2. Prequalification. N/A
- 3. Proposed Procedures for CPP Components (as per paragraph. 3.17 of the Guidelines: N/A
- 4. Reference to (if any) Project Operational/Procurement Manual: N/A
- 5. Any Other Special Procurement Arrangements: N/A

6. Procurement Packages with Methods and Time Schedule

7. To facilitate immediate and rapid response emergency operations, the Bank approved higher levels of delegation of procurement actions to the Borrower, and within the Bank, through the delegation by the Regional Procurement Manager of higher levels of approval authority to Bank Procurement Specialists and the task team to allow for the use of direct contracting, shopping and simpler procurement methods for the delivery of urgently needed services and goods in accordance with OP/BP 8.00. The rapid procurement methods approved includes inter alia; (a) use of already mobilized civil works contractors and suppliers of goods; (b) sole sourcing or Consultants Qualifications Selection (CQS) for contracting firms already working in the area and which have a proven track record for the provision of technical assistance; and (c) extending contracts issued under existing projects for similar activities by increasing their corresponding contract amounts. To mitigate any likely risks, the Bank assessed the capacity of the counterpart agencies and will continue to support them by intensifying supervision efforts through frequent missions and ex-post reviews and by continuously addressing any performance issues that may be identified.

Ref. No.	Contract (Description)	Proc. Method	Pre or Post qualif.	Review by Bank (Prior / Post)	Expected Bid- Opening Date
1	Goods				
1.1	Baggage handling System to the parking garage	Direct Contracting	Post	Prior	N/A
1.2	BHS and assorted equipment for arrival facility next to T3 and T4 arrivals	Direct Contracting	Post	Prior	N/A
1.3	Integrated Security Management System for arrival next to T3, and grade parking	Direct Contracting	Post	Prior	N/A
1.4	Airside buses (7 No.)	Shopping	Post	Prior	Done, Oct- 2013
1.5	Fire Tenders (3 No.)	Shopping	Post	Prior	Done, Oct- 2013
1.6	Supply of Disaster Management and Emergency Response Equipment	ICB	Post	Prior	April-2014
	Total				

III Works.

No	Procurement Method	Threshold for Procurement Method (US\$)	Prior Review
1.	ICB	≥ 15,000,000	All
2.	NCB	<15,000,000	None
3.	Direct Contracting	All	All
	Shopping	<200,000	None

Note:

ICB = International Competitive Bidding

NCB = National Competitive Bidding

Ref. No.	Contract (Description)	Proc. Method	Pre or Post qualif.	Review by Bank (Prior / Post)	Expected Bid- Opening Date
3	Works				
3.1	Design supply and installation of holding lounge above T3, and arrivals terminal next to T3	ICB	Prior	Post	Done, Oct- 2013
3.2	Construction of a concrete structure arrivals unit for T4	Direct contracting	Post	Prior	Done, Oct- 2013
	Total				

IV Selection of Consultants

1. Prior Review Threshold:

	Selection Method	Threshold for Proc. Method (US\$)	Prior Review
1	QCBS (Firms)	All	≥1,000,000
2	Least Cost Selection (LCS)	All	\geq 1,000,000
3	Consultants qualification (CQS)	< 300,000	None
4	Single Source (Firms)	All	All
5	Single Source (Individual)	All	All
6	Individual Consultant (IC)	All	≥300,000
7	Fixed Budget Selection (FBS)	All	\geq 1,000,000

Note :

QCBS	=	Quality and Cost Based Selection.
LCS	=	Least Cost Selection
CQS	=	Consultant Qualification Selection
FB	=	Fixed Budget Selection
SSS	=	Single Source Selection
IC	=	Individual Consultant

- **2.** Short list comprising entirely of national consultants: Shortlists for contracts estimated to cost less than or equal toUS\$300,000 equivalent per contract in engineering and supervision may consist of only national firms.
- **3.** Any Other Special Selection Arrangements: As much as practically possible, a number of contracts will be awarded by amending on-going contracts through Addenda provided that the contractor/supplier/consultant of on-going contract has a track record of good performance. This will facilitate to fast track the procurement process to enable the Government to normalize the operation of the Airport.
- **4.** The threshold for the use of CQS method applies to consultancy services contracts estimated to cost less than US\$300,000 equivalent. However for the emergency component under this project, the Bank has agreed to increase the threshold to more than US\$300,000, since it is deemed necessary to use this method

Ref. No.	Description of Assignment Consultancy	Selection Method	Review by Bank (Prior / Post)	Expected Proposals Submission Date
5.1	Consultancy services for design and supervision of emergency works	Single Sourcing	Prior	Done, Sept. 30, 2013
5.2	Carrying out an assessment of the damage by fire incident Total	Single Source	Prior	Done, Sept. 30, 2013

Annex 6:	Revised	Results	Framework	and Monitoring

Revisions to the Results Framework Comments/						
Kevisions to the Kesu	Rationale for Change					
PDO						
Current (PAD)	Proposed					
(a) increase the efficiency of road transport along the Northern Corridor and the Tanzania- Kenya-South Sudan road corridor; (b) enhance aviation safety and security to meet international standards; and (c) improve the institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector.	(a) increase the efficiency of road transport along the Northern Corridor and the Tanzania-Kenya-South Sudan road corridor; (b) enhance aviation safety and security to meet international standards; (c) improve the institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector; (d) restore the capacity of the international passenger terminal destroyed in a fire at JKIA; and (e) strengthen the capacity of KAA in disaster preparedness and responsiveness at Kenyan airports.	Incorporate new and additional activities associated with restoring international passenger terminal facilities at JKIA to the PDO				
PDO indicators						
Current (PAD)	Proposed change					
Indicator One : Reduction in average travel time from Kisumu to Kitale.	Continued.	No change				
Indicator Two : Reduction in vehicle operating costs on Kisumu – Kitale road.	Continued	No change				
Indicator Three: Direct beneficiaries: (i) Road users per day (of which female) (ii) Passengers p.a.(MIA) in million (of which female)	Continued	No change				
Indicator Four : Kenya meets ICAO standards and recommended practices and KCAA cleared for IASA Category 1 safety status	Continued	No change				
Indicator Five: Improved institutional arrangements and capacity in the transport sector (i) NCA established and functional; (ii) Engineer's Act passed and effective; (iii) Maritime rules and regulations developed and in use; (iv) National Transport Safety Authority established and functional (v) KCAA restructured (vi) Maritime Search and Rescue Unit established (vii) Regulatory framework for railway sub sector developed (viii) Search and rescue capability on L.	Indicator five (item vi) modified to strengthening KMA's search and rescue coordination capacity. Indicator five (item vii) expanded to cover land transport.	Slight modification to one of the eight result indicators				
Victoria enhanced Indicator Six: Number of road crashes	Continued	No change				

Revisions to the Resu	Comments/ Rationale for Change	
reduced along the Kisumu Kitale corridor.		
	Indicator Seven: (New): JKIA meets ICAO and TSA aviation security and service level standards.	
Intermediate Desults indicators		

Intermediate Results indicators

Intermediate Result (Component One): Improved road infrastructure on 231 km of selected priority road sections along
the Tanzania-Kenya-Sudan and Northern Corridor and junctions

<i>Current (PAD)</i>	Proposed change*	
Intermediate Result indicator One: Roads	Continued	No change
rehabilitated (non-rural)	Commucu	ino change
Intermediate Result indicator Two: Roads	Continued	No change
constructed (non-rural)	Commueu	No change
	Continued	No shares
Intermediate Result indicator Three: Road	Continued	No change
length in good and fair condition as a		
percentage of the total classified network in the		
project area [non-rural,		
Northern Corridor (Mombasa – Malaba) 930		
km and Tanzania-Kenya-Sudan Corridor		
(Isebania		
– Nadapal) 894 km in Kenya)]		
1)Northern Corridor		
2) TZ-Kenya-Sudan		
Intermediate Result (Component Two): Mana	gement and governance improved in th	e transport sector and
local construction industry		NY 1
Intermediate Result indicator One: Draft Bill	Continued	No change
for NCA and ERB presented to parliament, and		
rules and regulation for KMA developed	~	
Intermediate Result indicator Two: Feasibility	Continued	No change
and engineering designs studies completed to		
acceptable standards and covering 1,150 km		
Intermediate Result indicator Three:	Continued	No change
Studies on impact and roles of (new)		
institutions completed		
Intermediate Result indicator Four: Marking	Continued	No change
the boundaries for Right of Way and secure		
KeNHA's road assets (Class A roads) -3,500		
km completed		
Intermediate Result indicator Five:	Continued	No change
Navigational charts for Kenyan Coast		
developed to acceptable international standards		
and in use		
Intermediate Result indicator	Continued	No change
Six: Air accident investigation hangar		
constructed, equipped and staff trained		
Intermediate Result (Component Three): Imp	roved quality of runway and power sup	oply upgrade at Moi
International Airport		
Intermediate Result indicator One: Area on the	Continued	No change
runway, aprons and taxiways completed to		
international standards		
Intermediate Result indicator Two: Electrical	Continued	No change
cabling for power supply and lighting system at		-
Moi airport completed and power supply to		

Revisions to the Resu	Comments/ Rationale for Change					
MIA secured						
Intermediate Result (Component Four): Improved operating capacity of KCAA						
<i>Intermediate Result indicator One</i> : Aviation Safety Inspectors in compliance with ICAO standards and IASA category 1 safety status	Continued	No change				
Intermediate Result indicator Two: Construction of KCAA Office block	Continued	No change				
lost in a fire at JKIA, and strengthening the ca Kenyan airports.	Intermediate Result (Component Three –New): Restore the capacity of the international passenger terminal lost in a fire at JKIA, and strengthening the capacity of KAA in disaster preparedness and responsiveness at Kenvan airports.					
Intermediate Result indicator One: International passenger terminal facilities constructed.	New	To conform to new and additional activities				
<i>Intermediate Result indicator Two:</i> Arrivals facility constructed and in service at Terminal 4	New	To conform to new and additional activities				
<i>Intermediate Result indicator Three</i> : A disaster preparedness and response system developed and in us at airports	New	To conform to new and additional activities				
<i>Intermediate Result indicator Four</i> : Number of Kenyan airport personnel trained in disaster preparedness and responsiveness	New	To conform to new and additional activities				

Annex 7: Summary of Tables

Economic Analysis

Road Section Number	Road Section Name	Section Length (km)	Road Works Description	Road Works Cost [*] (US\$m)	Net Present Value (US\$m)	ERR (%)	Revised Road Works Cost (US\$m)	Percent Increase In Cost (%)
1	Kisumu –Kakamega	47.00	Rehabilitation	61.45	1.80	20%	79.88	30.0
2	Kakamega –Webuye	40.00	Rehabilitation	34.60	30.70	63%	38.37	10.9
3	Webuye – Kitale	60.00	Rehabilitation	47.00	10.00	42%	51.51	9.6
4	Athi River-Machakos Turnoff (2011)	21.00	Widening	29.00	15.10	60%	31.00	6.9
5	Bachuma Gate-Maji ya Chumvi	53.00	Rehabilitation	50.00	1.90	25%	50.44	0.9
						20-		
	Total	231.00		222.05	59.5	60%	251.2	13.1

Table 9 (Annex 7): Economic Evaluation of Rehabilitation and improvement of road sections

* At appraisal

Table 10 (Annex 7): Overall Original and Revised Financing Plan

Financier	Financing Pla	Increase/(Decrease)			
	Original	%share Revised		%share	US\$ million
IDA	300.00	62.80	503.50	79.5	203.50
AFD	97.54	20.40	66.00	10.4	(31.54)
GoK/KAA	80.22^{1}	16.80	63.70^2	10.1	(16.52)
Total	477.76	100.00	633.20	100.00	

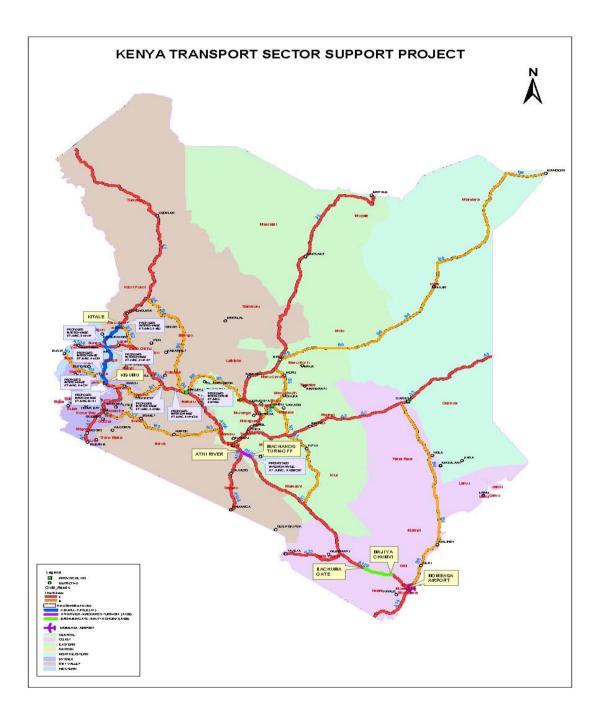
Note

1. The costs did not include payments toward land acquisition, compensation of project affected persons, and relocation of services which are met by the GoK, though the amount included incremental project operating costs.

2. Includes costs associated with land acquisition, compensation of project affected persons, and incremental project operating costs.

Revised Project Component	Revised cost	d IDA Financing (US\$m)		% of total	(US\$m)		
	(US\$m)	Original	Original Additional Rev			GoK*	AFD
A. Support to KeNHA to Rehabilitate and Improve Roads, Roadside facilities, enhance Road Safety and Institutional Strengthening	400.16	237.91	132.46	370.82	73.7	30.00	0.00
B. Support to the MoTI Support to State Department of Infrastructure	11.36	8.54	2.28	10.40	2.0	0.30	0.00
Support to State Department of Transport	21.84	17.46	4.08	21.54	4.3	0.30	0.00
	33.20	26.00	6.36	31.94	6.3	0.60	0.00
C. Support to KAA1. Original activities2. New activities (Emergency and improvement)	92.14 84.50	15.04 0.00	0.00 63.00	15.04 63.00		11.00 21.50	66.00 0.00
	176.54	15.04	63.00	78.04	15.5	32.50	66.00
D. Support to KCAA	23.20	21.05	1.66	22.70	4.5	0.50	0.00
Total Costs and Financing Required	633.20	300.0	203.50	503.50	100.00	63.60	66.00

Note * Overall, GoK will finance 10.1% of the total cost of the project to cover relocation of services, land acquisition and implementation of RAPs costs



KENYA: Transport Sector Support Project- Additional Financing