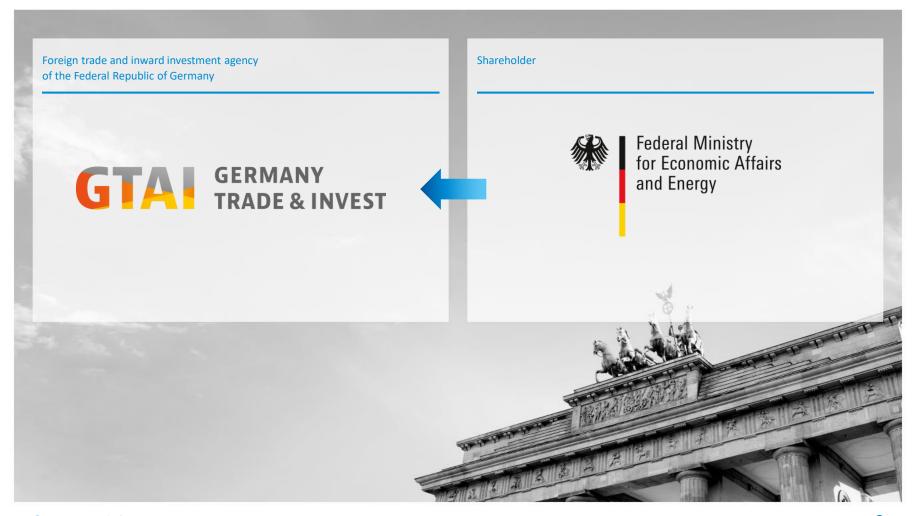


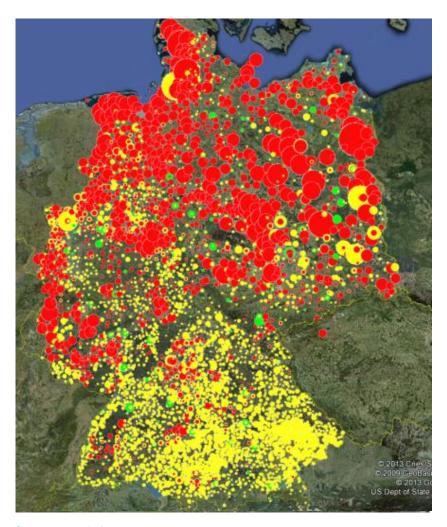


Who we are



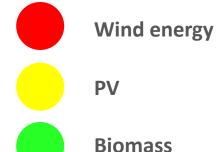
Development of Renewable Energy Systems

Feed-in-Tariff causes dynamic growth



Total capacity of renewables (2018)

> 1.7 million installations



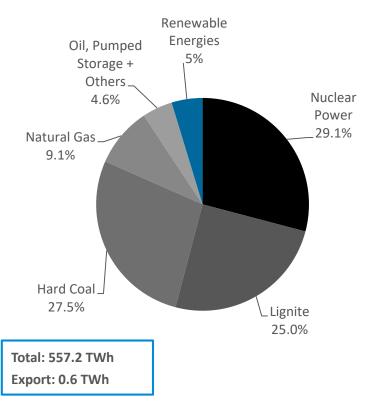
The circle **diameter** is proportional to the electrical capacity

Electricity Generation

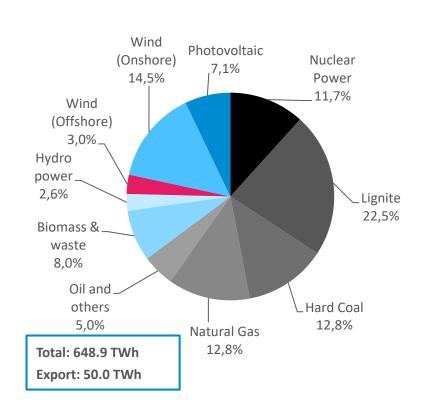
Renewable shares increase up to one third

Energy Source Share in Electricity Generation¹ (1998)

Energy Source Share in Electricity Generation¹ (2018)



Source: AG Energiebilanzen December 2018; 1) Gross Electricity Generation



Coal exit

In January 2019, Germany's coal exit commission proposed how to phase out coal-fired power plants



© iStock.com/cozyta;

Germany's exit

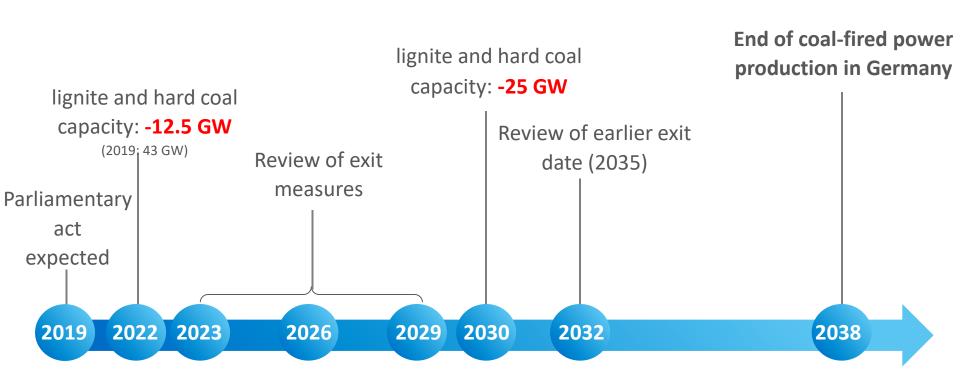
- In 2018, commission with representatives from industry, government, civil society was set up to propose exit strategy
- In April 2019, the German government will present parliamentary act based on strategy

Propositions of the exit commission

- 40 bn € assistance for states affected by coal phase out
- Creation of 5000 jobs in coal-dependent regions over the next 10 years
- Min. 2 bn € subsidy to mitigate increasing electricity prices
- compensation for plant owners recommended (without sums yet)

Coal Exit

The proposal presents 2035 as latest end date for coal-fired power production and includes several points of review

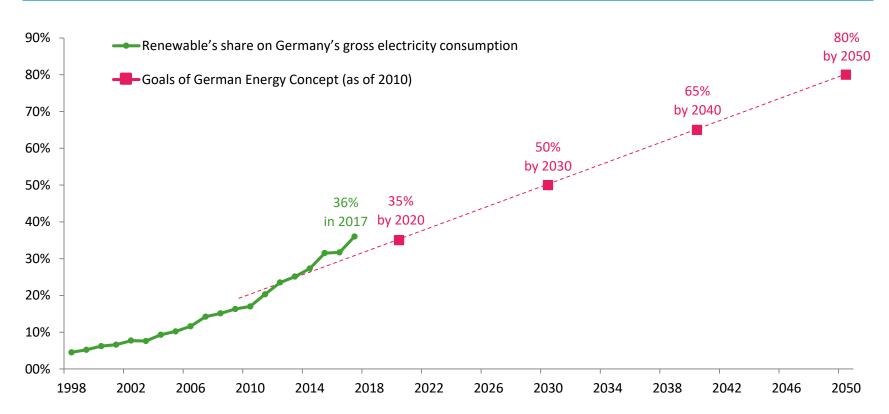


Sources: BPA, 2019; clean energy wire, 2019

Goals of Renewable Consumption

Developments on target

Renewable's share on Germany's gross electricity consumption vs. goals of German Energiewende



Sources: BMWi, December 2018

Auction System

Expansion of large-capacity renewable energies under a tender scheme

	Onshore	Offshore	Solar	Biomass
Tender conditions	> 750 kW	> 750 kW	> 750 kW	> 150 kW
	2017-2019	2021-2030	2017-ongoing	2017-2019
Quantities that will get tendered yearly	2.8 GW	0.730 GW	0.6 GW	0.150 GW
	2020-ongoing			2020-2022
	2.9 GW			0.2 GW
Targeted amount	82 GW	15 GW	50 GW	10 GW**
of total generation (in 2030)			(54GW)*	

Source: BMWi, 2016; Deutsche WindGuard, 2016; Fraunhofer ISE, 2013, *2016

*Including solar plants < 750 kW

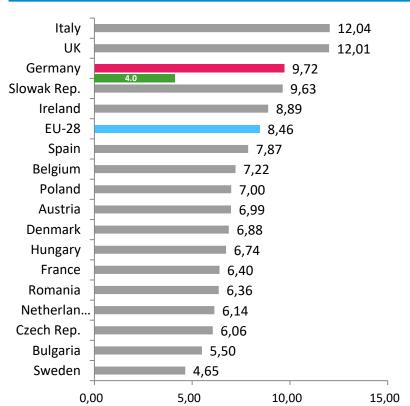
**By 2022

8

Industrial Electricity Prices

Industrial consumer costs in Germany among the highest and lowest in EU

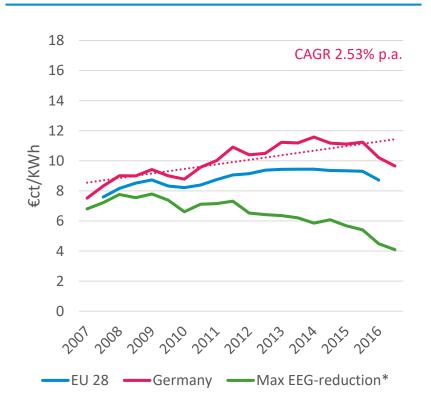
Average annual industrial electricity prices in 2017 with a consumption of 20,000-70,000 MWh¹



Note: ¹2017 estimates, including taxes except VAT. All data in EUR-cent per kilowatt hour. Source: Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy

20,000 MWh < Consumption < 70,000 MWh

Ex. VAT and other recoverable taxes and levies

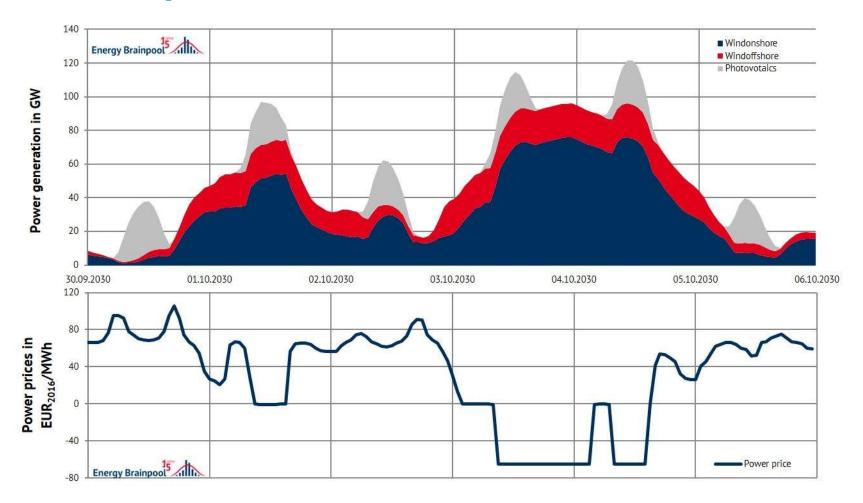


^{*}Large consumers can be freed from EEG surcharges under certain circumstances Source: Eurostat, April 2017

www.gtai.com

Increasing Volatility

Price Development



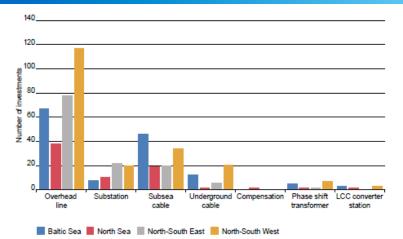
Source: Energy Brainpool

European Grid Extension projects

Ten-Year Network Development Plan 2018

- € 114 billion grid expansion investments by 2030 proposed by the TYNDP 2018
- Enhanced market integration will save generation costs of € 2 to 5 billion by 2030
- 3 to 14 €/MWh cost reduction by 2040

TYNDP 2018 investment portfolio – investments by technology and region



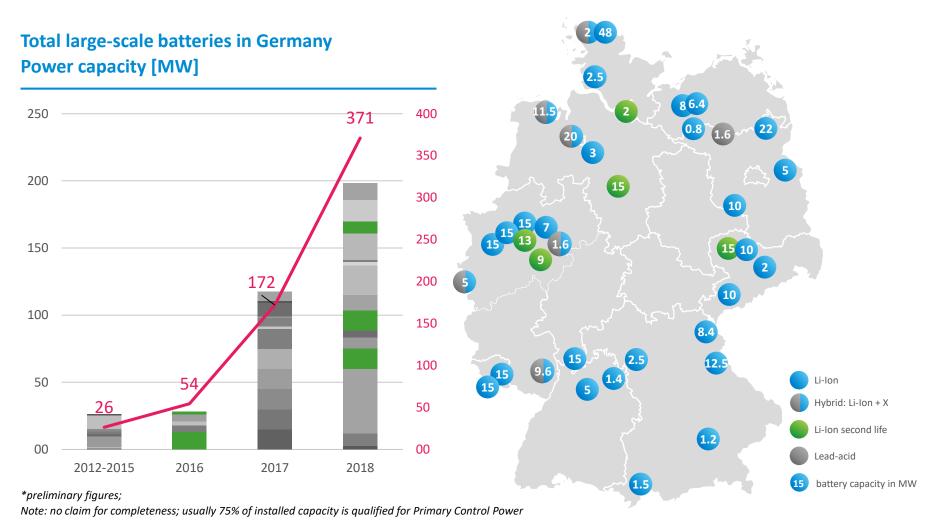
Source: TYNDP 2018 Ten-year network development plan ENTSO-E



Source: ENTSO-E 2018

Large Scale Battery Systems for PCR

From small pilot projects to large commercial projects

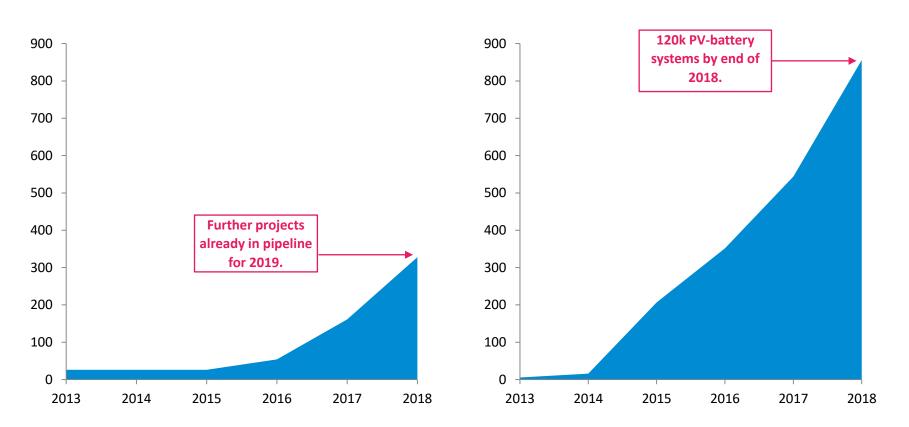


Market Development for Stationary Batteries

Strong growth for private PV-batteries and large-scale grid batteries

Installed Batt. capacity for Primary Control Reserve (MWh**)

Installed capacity of PV-battery systems (MWh*)

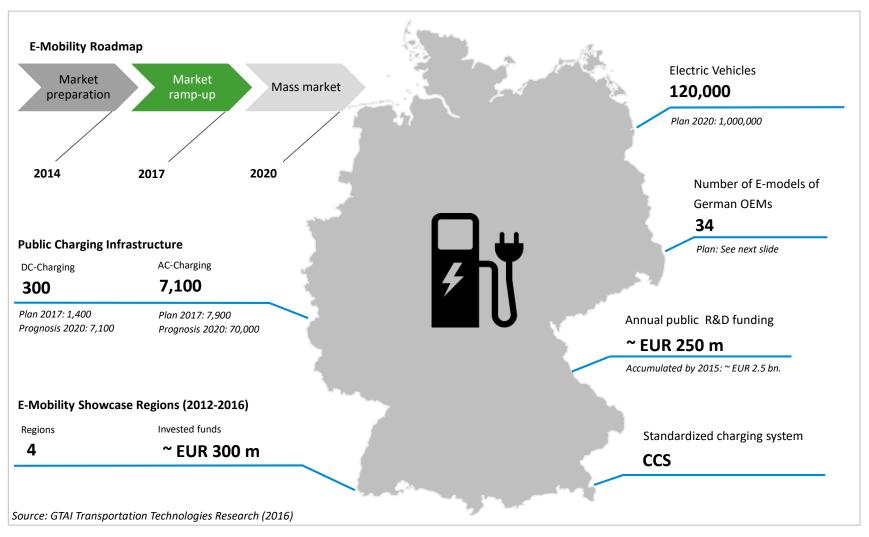


Note: * average system size: 6.8 kWh; ** anticipating 1C (1 MW = 1 MWh); usually 75% of the installed usable capacity is qualified for PCR

Source: RWTH 2017. BSW 2017

E-Mobility in Germany – Status quo

E-Mobility in Numbers (Q2/2018)

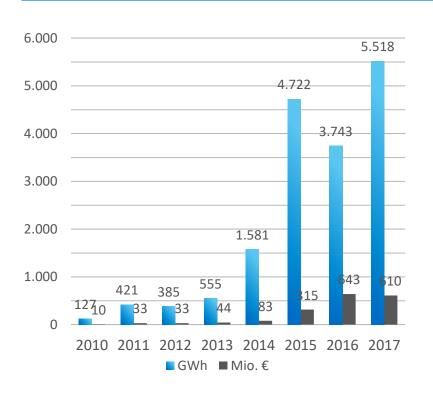


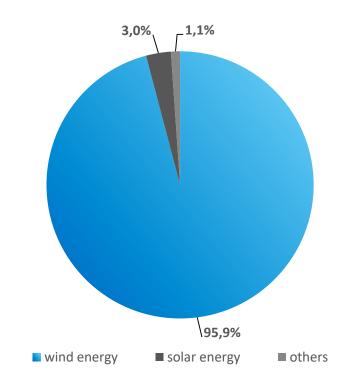
Development of Renewable Energy Curtailment

Long term energy storage technologies are needed

Disconnected energy for grid stabilization and compensation (2010-2017)

Disconnection for grid stabilization by energy source (2017)





German Federal Network Agency, Monitoring report 2011-2016

Example: Energiepark Mainz

Worldwide Largest Power-to-Gas Plant with PEM Electrolysis

Key Parameters

6.3 MWel (3 stacks, each 2.1 MW)

Hydrogen production: 200 tons/a

Start of construction: October 2012

Start of operation: December 2016

Partners: Stadtwerke Mainz, Linde, Siemens, Hochschule RheinMain

Goals

- Local grid integration by storing fluctuating renewable power
- Provision of ancillary services in the electricity grid (including negative control reserve)
- Intelligent and efficient hydrogen conditioning, storage, smart management structure





Contact Us

Energy Storage - Smart Grid

Heiko Staubitz Senior Manager T+49 (0)30 200 099-226 heiko.staubitz@gtai.com Friedrichstr. 60 10117 Berlin

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Supported by the Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy on the basis of a decision by the German Bundestag.

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