

EU Financial Cooperation in Ukraine



Political Context

Easter Partnership, 2015 Riga Summit

- * Signature of the Association Agreement, including the DCFTA
- * 2015 Association Agenda identifying political priorities

Socio-economic and Financial Crisis

- * Debt Crisis and Economic Stabilisation
- * Economic and Institutional Reform Process
- * Accelerated deterioration of the socio-economic living standards

Conflict in Crimea and the Donbass

- * Humanitarian challenges and the social impact of the conflict
- * Recovery & peacebuilding policy
- * Military challenges



General context of the financial cooperation

- Since early 2000, Ukraine is one of the main beneficiaries of the EU Financial Cooperation (in last years, aprox. 180 Meuros/year)

- EU Financial Cooperation with Ukraine covers a large range of sectors and activities, although in recent years, Governance reforms, Energy and the Economic reforms have dominated our partnership

- The EU also implements its cooperation through a variety of instruments: ENI Bilateral and Regional, CBC, Thematic Lines (EIDHR, Nuclear Safety Cooperation, NSA & LA, IfS, VIIth FP for R&T, etc.), Erasmus+, etc.

- Recently, ECHO Programmes and IfS (increased)
- Recent signature of the association to Horizon 2020



Special Measures 2014 (ENI)

* In 2014, the EU adopted a program of Special Measures aiming at helping to stabilise the macro-economic and institutional situation of Ukraine. Two components:

- State Building Contract (355 Meuros)
- Civil Society Facility (10 Meuros)



Conditionalities of the SBC

These conditionalities refer to the main lines of the program of institutional reform undertaken by the country in the post-Maidan phase:

- Fight against corruption
- PFM and PP reform

- Public Administration reform and reform of the civil service

- Constitutional reform
- Electoral reform

Conditionalities have been coordinated with the content of other similar programmes (MFA of IMF programs)



Special Measures 2015

* In 2015, the EU adopted a program of Special Measures aiming at supporting the economic growth and the employment. Two components:

- EU Support to Ukraine to re-launch the economy (EU Sure), 55 Meuros

- EU Technical Cooperation Facility, 15 Meuros

* The Special Measures 2015 are complemented by a support through the Neighbourhood Investment Facility (NIF) to the EIB Guarantee Facility (financing of SMEs), 40 Meuros



EU Support to Ukraine to relaunch the economy (EU Sure)

* To support the development of the private sector across Ukrainian regions (e.g., network of Regional Business Support Centres)

* To improve the Business Environment (the regulatory framework, the deregulation process when needed)

* To support the Business Intermediary organisations

* To support the policy framework, communication tools, specific legal frameworks (PPP, etc...)



EU Technical Cooperation Facility

Thematic priorities (linked to the AA implementation):

- * Governance reform/Home affairs/Justice
- * Trade & economic governance (GIs, Statistics, Standardisation, financial services, etc.)
- * Transport (legal framework, policy, modernisation of infrastructures, etc.)
- * Energy

* Labour Market (institutional support to the labour inspectorate, etc.)