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TWINNING PROJECTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD REGION

Institutional Capacity Building in the EU External Programmes

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The European Neighbourhood Policy Instrument

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Morocco AIDCO/A6 **Algeria Tunisia** Libya (Taiex) **Egypt Israel** oPT (Taiex) Jordan Lebanon **Syria Armenia** Georgia **Azerbaijan Ukraine** Moldova Belarus (Taiex)

Russia (Taiex)



European Neigbourhood Policy - ENP/ENPI

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- The <u>European Neighbourhood Policy</u> (**ENP**) is a broad **political strategy** with the ambitious objective of strengthening the *prosperity*, *stability* and *security* of Europe's neighbourhood in order to avoid any *dividing lines* between the enlarged EU and its direct neighbours.
- The <u>European Neighbourhood and</u>
 <u>Partnership Instrument</u> (**ENPI**) is the **financial instrument** which supports the
 ENP through concrete assistance actions.

Regulation (CE) Nº 1638/2006 of the Parliament the Council, 24 October 2006



ENP - Objectives

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•To promote **prosperity** offering significant **economic integration**; The Twinning instrument rely on the political relations and the level of economical integration granted according to the partners' degree of ambition and share of common values;

- To advance **freedom** and **democracy** by deepening political cooperation, on the basis of shared values and common interests;
- To promote **security and stability** by working with together to address development, environment, non-proliferation and counter-terrorism issues.
- The ENP **does not prejudge** the future evolution of its relationship with the EU (accession).



ENP – Functioning

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- The EU and each ENP partner reach agreement on reform objectives across a wide range of fields within certain "common" areas or priorities – Action Plan
- The EU provides financial and technical assistance to support the implementation of these objectives, in support of partners' own efforts - Progress Report
- Implementation is promoted and monitored by various means, including joint bodies between the EU and the partner country – Sector sub-Committees



ENP – some innovative features

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- Cross Border Cooperation: joint programmes betweenco/A6 regions of Member States and partner countries sharing a common border.
- **NIF**: grant support to lending operations of eligible Public European Financial Institutions, mainly infrastructure projects (energy, transport, social and environment) but also private sector.
- Twinning, TAIEX and SIGMA: cooperation tools between a public administration in partner countries and the equivalent institution in an EU Member State;



Twinning – the nature of the instrument

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Institutional Twinning

- "Peer to peer" public sector expertise
- Jointly agreed results
- Approximation to the EU acquis and best practices
- Political commitment
- EU MS selected upon quality of proposal
- High level of sustainability

Technical Assistance

- Private expertise
- Provision of services by consultants
- Offer selected upon quality and budget
- Useful when there is a relevant technical gap (level of development of the Beneficiary institution)



Twinning - Functioning

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• A cooperation tool, regulated by the provisions of the <u>"Common Twinning Manual"</u> between a Public Administration in a Partner/Beneficiary Country and the equivalent Institution in the EU Member State.



Twinning is a <u>joint</u> project between hands-on practitioners

- Consists of sending at least one <u>Resident Twinning</u>
 <u>Adviser</u> to the Beneficiary Country (for at least 12 months) to arrange short and medium-term missions.
- Twinning includes a contractor-customer relationship:
 It is not a one-way delivery of technical assistance



Twinning Principles

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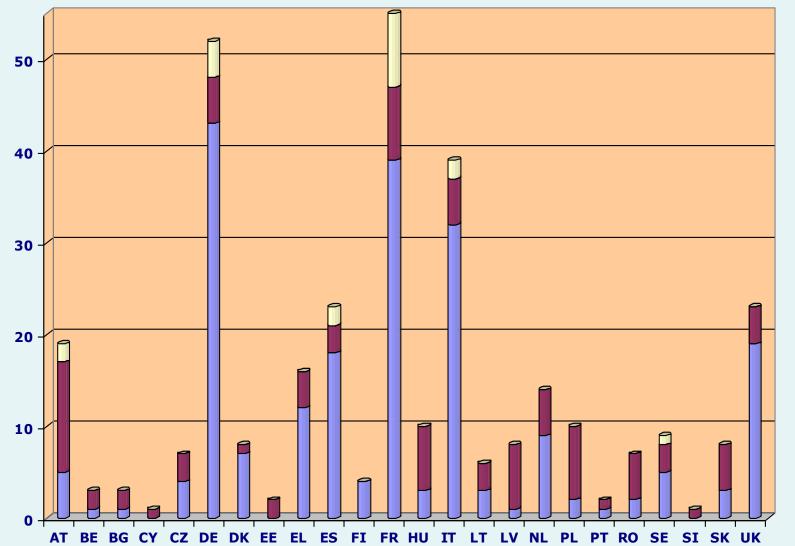
- AIDCO/A6
- •Twinning is result oriented with one of it's key features being mandatory results. Both the Beneficiary and the EU partners commit to achieving <u>commonly</u> <u>agreed, precise and measurable</u> goals;
- Twinning projects should be related to domains of cooperation foreseen in the partnership agreement;
- Coherent in all the projects components;
- Include elements of approximation to the EU aquis;
- Entails elements of structural reform;
- •The Beneficiary Country Administration must be "twinnable".



Number of Twinning proposals 2004 - 2009 Per Member State



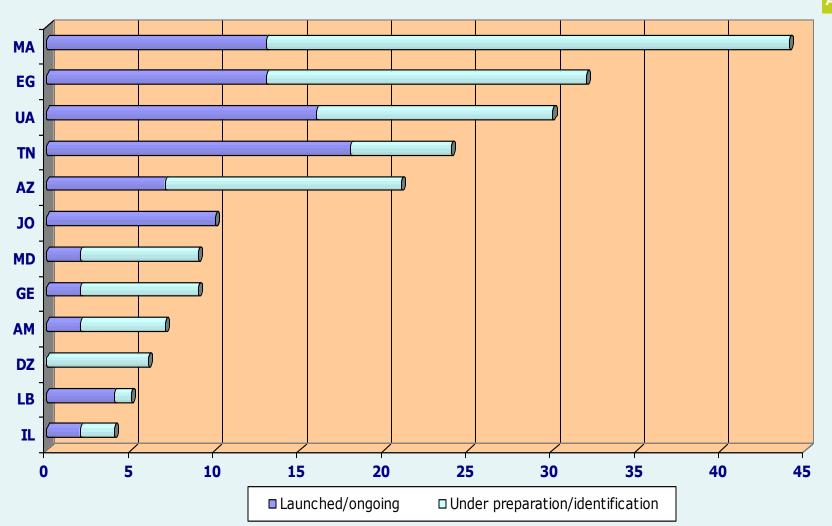






210 ENP-Twinning projects under preparation or published in 12 countries (20.04.2009)

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Twinning projects ENP 2004-2009 per sector

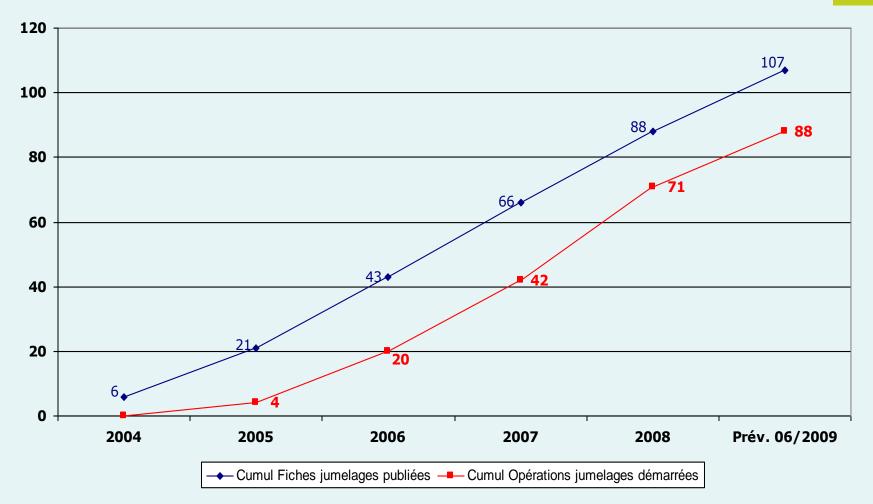
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Finance & Internal Market	38
Trade & Industry	25
Justice & Home Affairs	23
Health & Consumer Protection	18
Employment & Social Affairs	17
Environment	14
Transport	14
Customs	9
Energy	9
Agriculture	7
Statistics	7
Competition	6
Telecom	2
Others	21
TOTAL	210



Linear Increase of Twinning Launched in ENP-Countries: Cumulated 2004-mid-2009

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TAIEX - Background

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• TAIEX was set up in **1996** by the European Commission to support the faster implementation of the EU *acquis* in the Candidate Countries by compulsory transposition.

- In 2006, there was a gradual extension in the use of the instrument to the Neighbouring Countries & Russia (Directive 2006/62/EC) to promote the voluntary approximation of the EU *acquis* on the basis of commonly shared norms.
- Extension supported by a TAIEX National Contact Point (NCP) within the Programme Administration Office (PAO – wherever it exists) also NCP for Twinning & Sigma





TAIEX - Functioning

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 It is short term (1 to 5 days maximum) <u>demand-driven</u> and contributes to the delivery of appropriate <u>tailor-made</u> <u>expertise</u> to address problems at short notice.

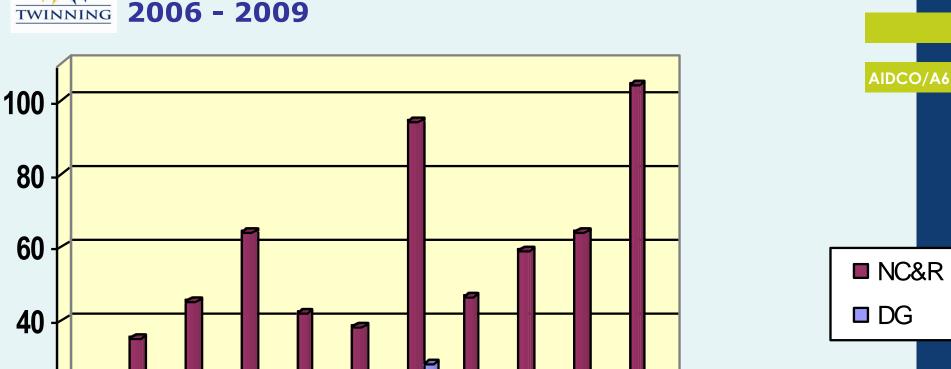
- TAIEX assists Neighbouring Countries with regard to the approximation, application and enforcement of EU legislation.
- TAIEX provides <u>"peer-to-peer"</u> assistance of public experts from EU Member States (MS) to partners and stakeholders of the Beneficiary Countries.
- PAOs become NCPs for the TAIEX instrument. In the countries with no PAO, TAIEX NCP is designated by the National Coordinator



20

757 TAIEX requests originated by Neighbouring **Countries & Russia or initiated by the EC-DGs:**





Q3- Q4- Q1- Q2- Q3- Q4- Q1- Q2- Q3- Q4- Q1-2006200620072007200720072008200820082009





TAIEX: 3 Types of Assistance

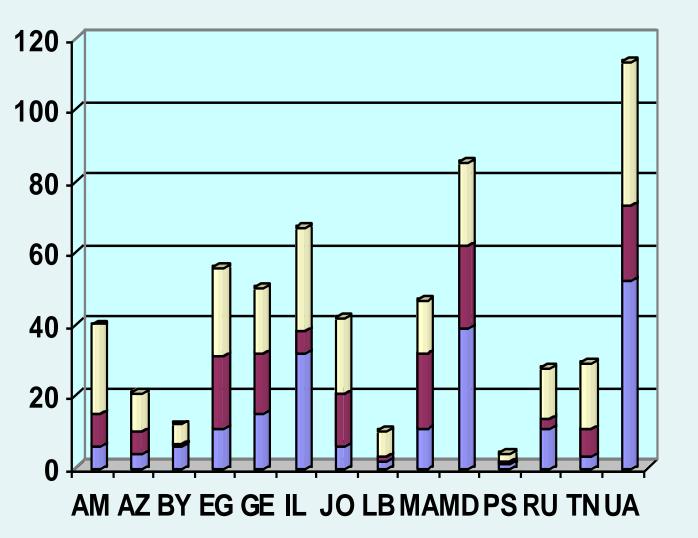
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- Expert Missions in Beneficiary Countries
 5 days at most, to provide guidance on legislative projects
 and the functioning of the administrative process
- Workshops or Seminars in Beneficiary Countries
 2 days at most, to present and explain the EU acquis-related issues to a large audience (selected by the concerned Beneficiary Country).
- Study visits in Member States
 5 days at most, to allow a maximum of 3 Officials from
 Beneficiary Countries to learn how MS deals with practical issues related to the implementation of the *EU acquis*.



Types of TAIEX requests from Neighbouring Countries and Russia: 2006 - 2009





- □ Study Visits
- Experts Missions
- Workshops



SIGMA - Background

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 SIGMA, Support for Improvement in Governance & Management, is a joint initiative of the OECD and the EU founded in 1992.

- Initially designed to support Candidate Countries in the context of the EU enlargement, SIGMA is now equally integrated in the EU Neighbourhood Policy framework.
- SIGMA operations are managed by a National Contact Point (NCP) within the Programme Administration Office (PAO) which acts also as NCP for Twinning and TAIEX projects.





Sigma – Functioning

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• SIGMA provides **short/medium-term** (1 day to 6 months) support to improve Governance and Management of the Beneficiary Countries with regard to:

Administrative law & administrative justice; Expenditure management; Internal/External audit; Procurement/concessions; Civil Service; Policy Capacities and Co-ordination; Regulatory Management and Property Rights

 SIGMA assists national reform teams by providing expertise by "peer practitioners", who may be SIGMA staff or public servants borrowed short-term from MS administrations



Identified Priorities Per Countries

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Σ-ΕΝΡ	Public Administration Reform: PAR, Civil Service/HR	Public Internal Financial Control: PIFC	Public Procurement: PP	Misc. AIDCO
Armenia		✓	✓	Creation of a Diplomatic School
Azerbaijan	✓	✓		
Georgia	✓			
Moldova	✓		✓	
Ukraine	\checkmark		√	
Egypt	\checkmark	✓		Support to the Council of Ministers
Jordan			✓	
Morocco		✓	✓	





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Thank you very much for your attention

<u>Institutional Capacity Building in the EU</u> <u>External Programmes</u>

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